

The PacBio logo is displayed in a bold, pink font. A single pink droplet is suspended from the end of a pipette tip, positioned directly above the letter 'i' in 'Bio'. The background is a blurred image of a laboratory setting with a rack of microcentrifuge tubes containing pink liquid.

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## Technical overview

# Amplifying genomic DNA for SMRTbell library preparation and HiFi sequencing

Vega system ICS v1.0+  
Revio system ICS v13.3+  
SMRT Link v25.1+

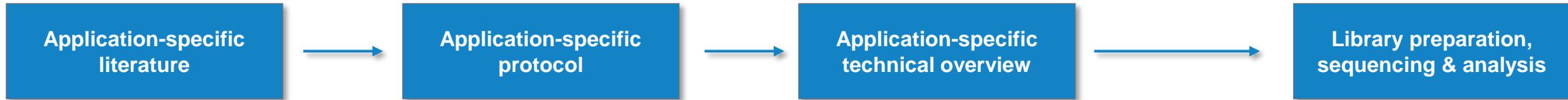
PN 103-645-000 Rev 01 | March 2025

# Technical overview

## Amplifying genomic DNA for SMRTbell library preparation and HiFi sequencing

1. Ampli-Fi library preparation method overview
2. Ampli-Fi library preparation workflow details
3. Ampli-Fi sequencing preparation workflow details
4. Ampli-Fi data analysis recommendations for supported applications & use cases
5. Ampli-Fi example sequencing performance data
6. Technical documentation & applications support resources

# Ampli-Fi library preparation using PCR for HiFi sequencing on PacBio long-read systems: Getting started



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## New Ampli-Fi ultra-low-input protocol will support HiFi sequencing from as little as 1 ng of DNA

**Introducing Ampli-Fi**  
Coming end of Q1

Highly accurate long-read sequencing technologies have made it possible to generate genome assemblies at scale. In fact, [HiFi sequencing is now the technology of choice for assemblers](#) because of its unique combination of length and 99.9% accuracy, resulting in more contiguous and complete assemblies. The latest [SMRTbell long-read sequencing](#) enables long-read sequencing from as little as 100 ng of DNA, marking a pivotal moment for researchers studying complex genomes.

But what if you need to sequence ultra-limited samples or explore the genomes of small organisms that have been historically difficult to decode? Enter the Ampli-Fi protocol—a new workflow that will enable HiFi sequencing from as little as 1 ng of genomic DNA.

Curious about how this protocol will reshape the sequencing landscape for underrepresented species? Keep reading to see it in action and discover what's next.

**As little as 1 ng DNA input for all HiFi sequencing systems**

A few years ago, PacBio released low-input and [ultra-low-input protocols](#) for HiFi sequencing. At the time, the definition of "ultra low" was 5 ng—enough to enable scientists to sequence tiny arthropods. But we didn't stop there. Times have changed, and the need for even lower inputs has persisted.

The new Ampli-Fi workflow represents the latest evolution in PacBio's low-input solutions for scientists studying the world around us, from the tiniest species on the tree of life to preserved specimens from ancient eras of history. Becoming available by the end of Q1 this year, the Ampli-Fi workflow replaces the previous "ultra low input" protocol, enabling sequencing from as little as 1 ng of DNA for all HiFi sequencing systems, including Revo and the new Vega benchtop system.

In addition to requiring only a fraction of the previous DNA input amounts, the Ampli-Fi protocol improves upon the older protocols by supporting species with larger genomes (up to 3 GB) and reducing library prep costs, thanks to the SMRTbell prep kit 3.0.

**Application notes and Application briefs [ Link ]**

Summary overview of application-specific library preparation, sequencing and data analysis workflow recommendations.

**Amplifying genomic DNA for SMRTbell library preparation and HiFi sequencing** PacBio

Procedure & checklist

Overview

The Ampli-Fi (Amplification + HiFi) protocol combines PCR amplification with HiFi sequencing by enabling the preparation of long-read SMRTbell libraries using as little as 1 ng of starting genomic DNA. Sequencing libraries prepared with this procedure are compatible with the Revo and Vega systems.

| Protocol overview   |                                     |  |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| Application   | Genome sequencing                   | Intended for samples where there is insufficient DNA for PCR-free library prep, where difficult-to-remove sequencing inhibitors may be present, or where there is extensive DNA damage present |
| Genomic DNA input   | 1 – 50 ng per sample                | Recommended starting double-stranded DNA input amount for protocol   |
| Target DNA fragment size  | 7 – 11 kb                           | Average fragment size of sheared DNA to balance read length with amplification efficiency  |
| PCR polymerase  | KOD Xtreme Hot Start DNA polymerase | Minimizes GC coverage bias with efficient amplification  |
| Amplification adapter   | Twist Universal Adapter System      | Common adapter for NGS that enables UDI barcoding prior to SMRTbell library prep   |
| SMRTbell library prep   | SMRTbell prep kit 3.0               | Supports the ligation of amplification adapters and the SMRTbell library preparation of amplified DNA for up to 24 samples   |
|   |                                     |  |
|   | SPRQ™                               | Revo™/Vega™ system   |
| Required mass of amplified DNA into library prep for one SMRT™ Cell | 150 ng                              | 600 ng   |
|   |                                     | Time   |
| Protocol time from gDNA shearing to SMRTbell library                |                                     | ≈ 7 hr   |
| Protocol time for ABC workflow (polymerase binding)                 |                                     | 1 hr   |

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## Procedure & Checklist – Amplifying genomic DNA for SMRTbell library preparation and HiFi sequencing (103-648-000)

Technical documentation containing library construction and sequencing preparation protocol details.

**Technical overview**  
Amplifying genomic DNA for SMRTbell library preparation and HiFi sequencing

Vega system ICS v1.0+  
Revo system ICS v13.3+  
SMRT Link v25.1+

PN 103-645-000 Rev 01 | March 2025

**General best practices recommendations for preparing Ampli-Fi libraries using SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 (cont.)**

**Multiplexing samples**

**Sample indexing (barcoding) using Twist Universal Adapters and Twist Unique Dual Indexed (UDI) Primers**

- In this procedure, all Ampli-Fi samples are optionally (sequentially) barcoded during PCR amplification using Twist UDIs primers.
- Twist UDI primers provide unique dual-indexed barcodes (up to 20,000 UDI primer sets per index pair) for each sample.
- Twist UDI primers are configured in 96-well plates and are available in 10x and 96-sample formats.
- To perform sample demultiplexing, use the following barcode set that includes the appropriate Twist Universal Adapter and Twist UDI primer sequences.

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## Technical overview: Amplifying genomic DNA for SMRTbell library preparation and HiFi sequencing (103-645-000)

Technical overview presentations describe workflow details for constructing HiFi libraries for specific applications. Example sequencing performance data for a given application are also summarized.



## Genomic DNA QC & shearing

1 – 50 ng of input gDNA  
Shear DNA to 7 – 11 kb

## DNA amplification & Library construction (SMRTbell prep kit 3.0)

Ligate PCR amplification adapters  
PCR-amplify and index DNA samples  
Construct SMRTbell libraries  
Optionally multiplex Ampli-Fi samples

## Sequencing (Vega & Revo systems)

Perform ABC<sup>1</sup> and sequence libraries on PacBio long-read systems

## Data analysis (SMRT Link or third-party tools)

E.g., genome assembly, variant detection, metagenomic analysis

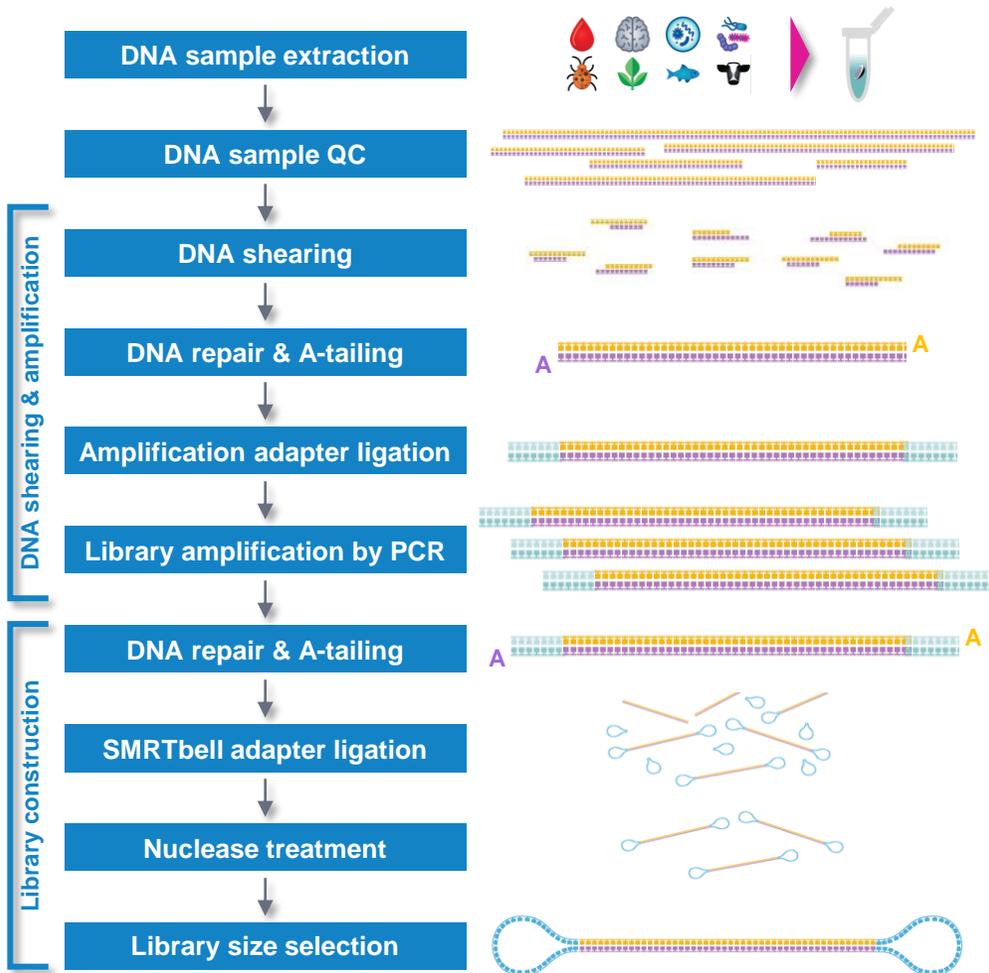


# Ampli-Fi library preparation method overview



# SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 (SPK 3.0) Ampli-Fi library preparation workflow overview

## Ampli-Fi library preparation workflow



## Protocol documentation or reference



Refer to third-party user guide documentation



Refer to third-party user guide documentation

### SPK 3.0 Ampli-Fi protocol reference



*Procedure & checklist – Amplifying genomic DNA for SMRTbell library preparation and HiFi sequencing* ([103-648-000](https://www.pacb.com/support/faq/103-648-000))

## Recommended equipment & consumables



Nanobind kit *or* other 3<sup>rd</sup>-party application-specific DNA extraction kits



Qubit 4 fluorometer system  
DNA sizing QC tool (e.g., Femto Pulse)



Megaruptor 3 *or* g-TUBE shearing



Twist Universal Adapter System with Twist UDI Primers



KOD Xtreme Hot Start DNA polymerase



SMRTbell prep kit 3.0



SMRTbell adapter index plate 96A  
(Optional for sample multiplexing)



AMPure PB bead size selection kit<sup>1</sup>

# SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 bundle (102-182-700)

## SPK 3.0 bundle supports Ampli-Fi library preparation workflows<sup>1</sup>

- Contains the necessary reagents for library preparation with SMRTbell adapters
- Kit also includes SMRTbell cleanup beads and low TE buffer
- Indexed (barcoded) adapters and size-selection reagents<sup>1</sup> are sold separately
- Supports 24 SMRTbell libraries per kit
- Compatible with sequencing on the Vega system and Revio system

### SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 bundle components

| Component  | Description  |
|--|--|
| 1   | <b>SMRTbell prep kit 3.0</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Contains core reagents for SMRTbell template construction</li> </ul> |
| 2   | <b>Low TE buffer</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For DNA shearing and cleanup</li> </ul>                                      |
| 3  | <b>SMRTbell cleanup beads</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For DNA cleanup</li> </ul>  |

### SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 bundle configuration

#### SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 (102-141-700)



| #    | Component         | Part number | Qty | Color        | Volume |
|------|-------------------|-------------|-----|--------------|--------|
| 1    | Repair buffer     | 102-166-000 | 1   | purple       | 220 µL |
| 2    | End repair mix    | 102-166-100 | 1   | blue         | 110 µL |
| 3    | DNA repair mix    | 102-167-700 | 1   | green        | 55 µL  |
| 4    | SMRTbell adapter  | 102-167-800 | 1   | orange       | 125 µL |
| 5    | Ligation mix      | 102-167-200 | 1   | yellow       | 860 µL |
| 6    | Ligation enhancer | 102-179-100 | 1   | red          | 55 µL  |
| 7    | Nuclease buffer   | 102-167-900 | 1   | light purple | 155 µL |
| 8    | Nuclease mix      | 102-166-200 | 1   | light green  | 155 µL |
| 9-10 | Elution buffer    | 100-159-800 | 2   | white        | 1.5 mL |



#### Low TE buffer (102-178-400)

| # | Component              | Part number | Qty | Color | Volume |
|---|------------------------|-------------|-----|-------|--------|
| 1 | Low TE buffer (pH 8.0) | 102-178-400 | 1   | clear | 10 mL  |



#### SMRTbell cleanup beads (102-158-300)

| # | Component              | Part number | Qty | Color | Volume |
|---|------------------------|-------------|-----|-------|--------|
| 1 | SMRTbell cleanup beads | 102-158-300 | 1   | clear | 10 mL  |



# Other recommended kits & consumables for Ampli-Fi library preparation and HiFi sequencing

Ancillary kits must be purchased separately from SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 bundle (102-182-700)

## DNA extraction

Nanobind PanDNA kit  
(PacBio 103-260-000)



Or

Third-party DNA extraction kits or methods



Use any suitable DNA extraction kit or method to isolate sufficient gDNA from your specific sample type of interest

## DNA amplification & indexing



KOD Xtreme Hot Start DNA polymerase  
(MilliporeSigma 71975-3)



Twist Universal Adapter System  
(Twist Bioscience 101307-101311 / 96 rxn)

Use ultra-high fidelity DNA polymerase with Twist UDI primers<sup>1</sup> for PCR & unique dual indexing of long DNA fragments

## Final library size selection



AMPure PB bead size selection kit  
(PacBio 102-182-500)

Use AMPure PB bead size selection to progressively remove dsDNA fragments <5 kb from Ampli-Fi libraries

## DNA shearing

Megaruptor 3 system  
(Diagenode)



Or

g-TUBE device  
(Covaris)



Shear DNA to ~7 – 11 kb target fragment size using either Megaruptor 3 system (45 min) or g-TUBE (10 min)

## SMRTbell adapter indexing



OPTIONAL:  
SMRTbell adapter index plate 96A  
(PacBio 102-009-200)

Optionally use SMRTbell adapter index plate to symmetrically barcode Ampli-Fi libraries<sup>1</sup>

## HiFi sequencing



Ampli-Fi procedure supports HiFi sequencing on Revo system (with/without SPRQ chemistry) & Vega system

# Ampli-Fi application supported use cases and sequencing performance considerations

## Example Ampli-Fi sequencing use cases and applications

- This procedure is intended for, but not limited to, the following sample types listed below:

| Sample type  | Example                               |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| ☐ Samples that do not have sufficient DNA mass for PCR-free sequencing           | Single, small insects                 |
| ☐ Samples contaminated with sequencing inhibitors that are challenging to remove | Snail or marine organisms             |
| ☐ Samples derived from preserved specimens collected in the field                | Ethanol-preserved tissue              |
| ☐ Samples derived from formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded (FFPE) tissues           | FFPE tumor samples                    |
| ☐ Samples derived from chromosome conformation capture (3C) experiments          | CiFi application <sup>1</sup> samples |

## Ampli-Fi sequencing performance considerations

- Sequencing yield expectations should be set in accordance with input gDNA quality
- Samples containing higher amounts of degraded or fragmented DNA will produce lower average library insert sizes due to preferential amplification of shorter DNA fragments during the PCR step
  - Shorter library inserts will lead to reduced HiFi read lengths and lower HiFi data yields
- To maximize HiFi base yield and average read length, it is recommended to start with high-molecular weight (HMW) gDNA whenever possible

| PacBio system                 | Ampli-Fi HiFi read length | Ampli-Fi HiFi yield per SMRT Cell |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Revio system (SPRQ chemistry) | ~5 – 10 kb                | ~35 – 70 Gb                       |
| Vega system                   | ~5 – 10 kb                | ~25 – 50 Gb                       |



# Ampli-Fi library preparation workflow details

# Procedure & checklist – Amplifying genomic DNA for SMRTbell library preparation and HiFi sequencing ([103-648-000](https://www.pacb.com/documentation/103-648-000))

Procedure & checklist [103-648-000](https://www.pacb.com/documentation/103-648-000) combines PCR amplification with HiFi sequencing by enabling the preparation of long-read SMRTbell libraries using as little as 1 ng of starting genomic DNA. Sequencing libraries prepared with this procedure are compatible with the Revio and Vega systems.

## Procedure & checklist contents

1. Genomic DNA (gDNA) input QC recommendations and general best practices for reagent & sample handling.
2. Instructions for DNA shearing using Megaruptor 3 system (Diagenode) or g-TUBEs (Covaris).
3. Instructions for performing PCR amplification & indexing of DNA samples using Twist Universal Adapter System with Twist UDI primers (Twist Bioscience) and KOD Xtreme Hot Start DNA polymerase.
4. Enzymatic workflow steps for SMRTbell library construction using SMRTbell prep kit 3.0.
5. Instructions for performing final cleanup and size selection on SMRTbell library using AMPure PB beads.
6. Workflow steps for sample setup ABC<sup>1</sup> (annealing, binding, and cleanup) to prepare samples for sequencing using Vega polymerase kit or Revio SPRQ polymerase kit.

Amplifying genomic DNA for SMRTbell library preparation and HiFi sequencing **PacBio**

Procedure & checklist

### Overview

The Ampli-Fi (amplification + HiFi) protocol combines PCR amplification with HiFi sequencing by enabling the preparation of long-read SMRTbell libraries using as little as 1 ng of starting genomic DNA. Sequencing libraries prepared with this procedure are compatible with the Revio and Vega systems.

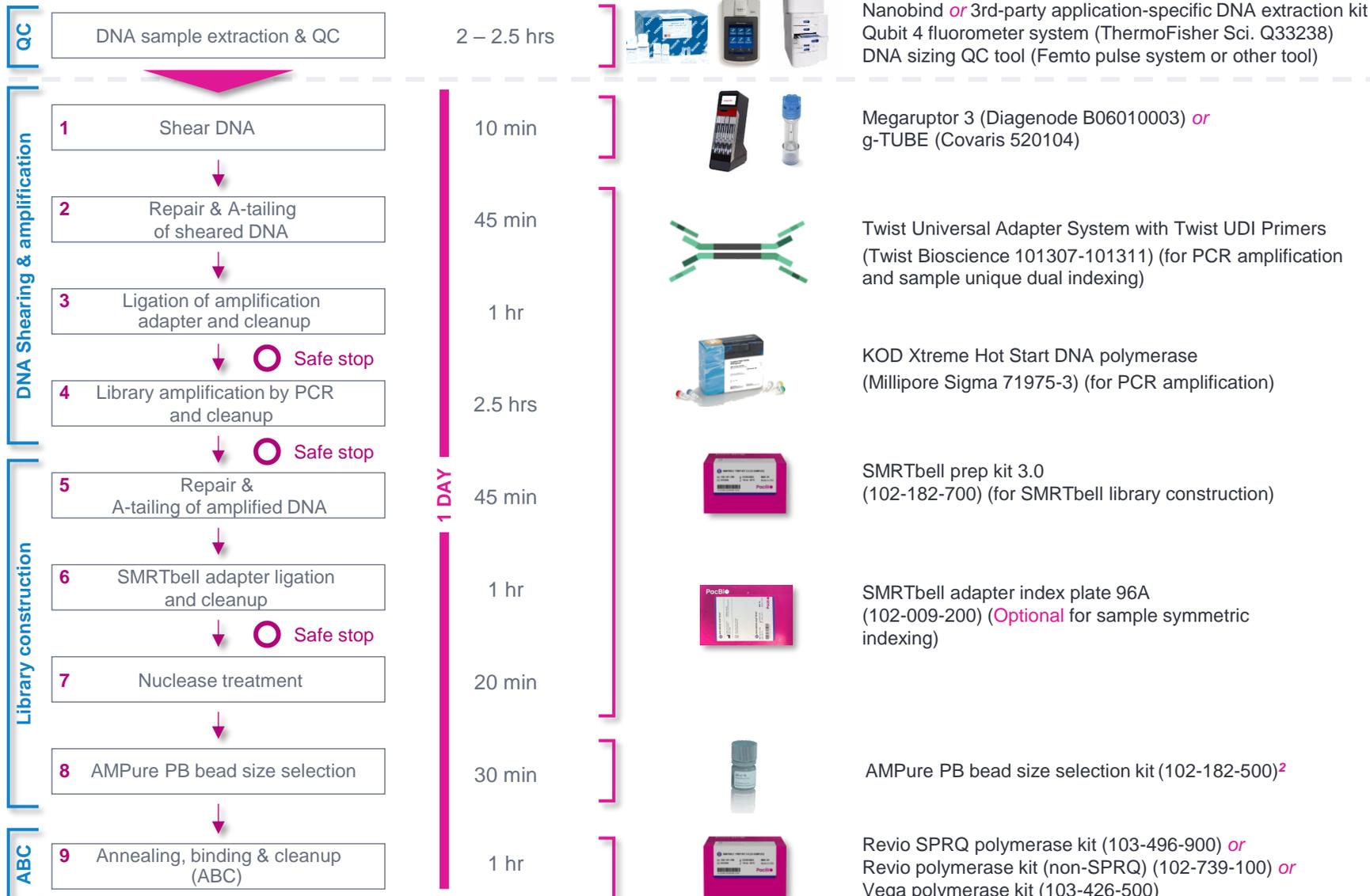
| Protocol overview   |                                     |  |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| Application   | Genome sequencing                   | Intended for samples where there is insufficient DNA for PCR-free library prep, where difficult-to-remove sequencing inhibitors may be present, or where there is extensive DNA damage present |
| Genomic DNA Input   | 1 – 50 ng per sample                | Recommended starting double-stranded DNA input amount for protocol   |
| Target DNA fragment size  | 7 - 11 kb                           | Average fragment size of sheared DNA to balance read length with amplification efficiency  |
| PCR polymerase  | KOD Xtreme Hot Start DNA polymerase | Minimizes GC coverage bias with efficient amplification  |
| Amplification adapter   | Twist Universal Adapter System      | Common adapter for NGS that enables UDI barcoding prior to SMRTbell library prep   |
| SMRTbell library prep   | SMRTbell prep kit 3.0               | Supports the ligation of amplification adapters and the SMRTbell library preparation of amplified DNA for up to 24 samples   |
| Required mass of amplified DNA into library prep for one SMRT® Cell | SPRQ™                               | Revio®/Vega™ system  |
|   | 150 ng                              | 600 ng   |
| Time  |                                     |  |
| Protocol time from gDNA shearing to SMRTbell library                | ≤ 7 hr                              |  |
| Protocol time for ABC workflow (polymerase binding)                 | 1 hr                                |  |

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PacBio [Documentation \(103-648-000\)](https://www.pacb.com/documentation/103-648-000)

# Key Ampli-Fi library preparation and sequencing workflow steps

Ampli-Fi library preparation + ABC workflow can be completed within 1 day<sup>1</sup>



Refer to third-party user guide documentation

## Ampli-Fi protocol reference

**Procedure & checklist – Amplifying genomic DNA for SMRTbell library preparation and HiFi sequencing (103-648-000)**

Amplifying genomic DNA for SMRTbell library preparation and HiFi sequencing **PacBio**

Procedure & checklist

### Overview

The Ampli-Fi (amplification + HiFi) protocol combines PCR amplification with HiFi sequencing by enabling the preparation of long-read SMRTbell libraries using as little as 1 ng of starting genomic DNA. Sequencing libraries prepared with this procedure are compatible with the Revio and Vega systems.

| Protocol overview   |                                     |  |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| Application   | Genome sequencing                   | Intended for samples where there is insufficient DNA for PCR-free library prep, where difficult-to-remove sequencing inhibitors may be present, or where there is extensive DNA damage present |
| Genomic DNA Input   | 1 – 50 ng per sample                | Recommended starting double-stranded DNA input amount for protocol   |
| Target DNA fragment size  | 7 - 11 kb                           | Average fragment size of sheared DNA to balance read length with amplification efficiency  |
| PCR polymerase  | KOD Xtreme Hot Start DNA polymerase | Minimizes GC coverage bias with efficient amplification  |
| Amplification adapter   | Twist Universal Adapter System      | Common adapter for NGS that enables UDI barcoding prior to SMRTbell library prep   |
| SMRTbell library prep   | SMRTbell prep kit 3.0               | Supports the ligation of amplification adapters and the SMRTbell library preparation of amplified DNA for up to 24 samples   |
| Required mass of amplified DNA into library prep for one SMRT® Cell | SPRQ™                               | 150 ng   |
|   | Revio™/Vega™ system                 | 600 ng   |
| Protocol time from gDNA shearing to SMRTbell library                | Time                                |  |
| Protocol time for ABC workflow (polymerase binding)                 | < 7 hr                              |  |
|   | 1 hr                                |  |

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<sup>1</sup> Example workflow step times shown are for manually processing up to 8 Ampli-Fi samples using a g-TUBE device for DNA shearing and performing library amplification using 10 PCR cycles.

<sup>2</sup> Can optionally perform gel cassette-based size selection to enrich for SMRTbell library inserts >8 kb.

# General best practices recommendations for preparing Ampli-Fi libraries using SMRTbell prep kit 3.0

## DNA sample extraction

### Example DNA extraction kits for challenging sample types

**Note:** Third-party products listed below have not been extensively tested or validated by PacBio but are listed here as examples of kits or methods used by other PacBio customers for isolating genomic DNA from challenging sample types

| Sample type                                     | Third-party product or kit   |
|---|--|
| Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded (FFPE) samples | QIAGEN QIAamp DNA FFPE Tissue Kit (PN 56404)   |
| Dried blood spots                               | QIAGEN QIAamp DNA Blood Mini Kit (PN 51104)  |
| Fecal and soil                                  | QIAGEN DNeasy PowerSoil Pro (PN 47014)   |
|   | QIAGEN PowerFecal Pro (PN 51804)   |
|   | QIAGEN DNeasy PowerClean Pro Cleanup Kit (PN 12997-50) <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• If needed, can be used after extracting DNA with PowerSoil or PowerFecal kits to further improve sequencing performance</li></ul> |



# General best practices recommendations for preparing Ampli-Fi libraries using SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 (cont.)

## DNA sizing QC

- If available, Agilent **Femto Pulse system**<sup>1</sup> is recommended for the accurate sizing of DNA samples
  - Femto Pulse system employs pulsed-field capillary electrophoresis technology and enables simple, rapid sizing QC of genomic DNA and SMRTbell libraries, and conserves sample by using femtogram ranges of input DNA
    - Resolves fragments 1.3 kb to 165 kb using gDNA 165 kb Analysis kit (can resolve 100 – 6,000 bp using Ultra Sensitivity NGS kit)
    - Requires <1 ng of sample DNA
    - Can analyze up to 12 samples in <1.5 hrs
    - Outputs quality metrics such as Genomic Quality Number (GQN)<sup>2</sup> to quickly score integrity of HMW gDNA
- Alternative DNA sizing tools may be used if a Femto Pulse system is unavailable
  - However, **caution should be used when interpreting results from other tools that employ constant-field electrophoresis technology**
    - These technologies tend to **inflate the true size of the gDNA (or library)** and should only be used for qualitative assessment of whether an experiment was successful (e.g., intact library) rather than for accurate measurement of fragment size distributions



Femto Pulse system  
(Agilent Technologies)

## DNA quantification QC

- For DNA quantification QC, we recommend using a quantification assay specific for double-stranded DNA (dsDNA) such as the Qubit 1X dsDNA high sensitivity assay kit<sup>3</sup> (Thermo Fisher Scientific)
  - **Note:** We do not recommend quantification with UV-Vis Spectrophotometers (e.g. NanoDrop) that measure all nucleic acids in a sample. For example, measuring all nucleic acid will inflate the true concentration of gDNA in samples



Qubit 4 fluorometer  
(Thermo Fisher Scientific)

<sup>1</sup> See *Product Note – HiFi WGS sequencing with the Agilent Femto Pulse system* ([102-326-561](#)) for more details.

<sup>2</sup> See *Application Note – Quality Metrics for Nucleic Acids with the Agilent Fragment Analyzer and Femto Pulse Systems* (Agilent [5994-0521EN](#))

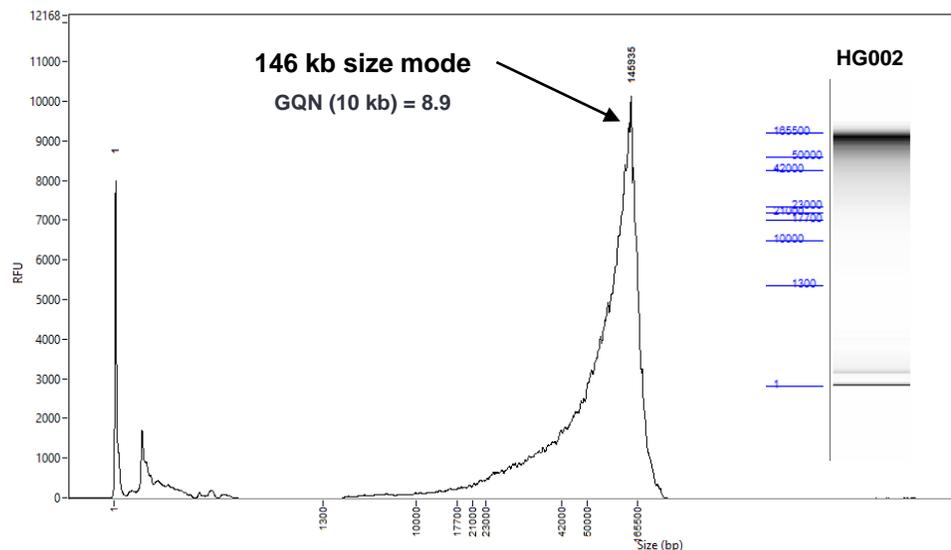
<sup>3</sup> Alternatively, for high-throughput applications DNA quantification QC may be performed with a microplate reader using the Quant-iT 1X dsDNA high sensitivity assay kit (Thermo Fisher Scientific).

# General best practices recommendations for preparing Ampli-Fi libraries using SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 (cont.)

## Recommended DNA input amount and quality

### Genomic DNA input quality

- For Ampli-Fi applications, using higher quality input DNA will produce improved overall HiFi sequencing data quality<sup>1,2</sup>
  - Where possible, we recommend using input gDNA with a genome quality number (GQN) of 7.0 or higher at 10 kb ( $GQN_{10kb} \geq 7.0$ )
  - Lower quality input DNA ( $GQN_{10kb} < 7.0$ ; e.g., FFPE samples) may be used; however, shorter DNA fragments (< 10 kb) will tend to be preferentially amplified and thus lead to lower mean HiFi read lengths and reduced HiFi sequencing data yields



Any degradation present should be due to shearing from extraction process and **not** from poor sample handling/storage or biochemical processes

Example DNA sizing QC analysis of a high-quality HG002 human genomic DNA sample using a Femto Pulse system with Genomic DNA 165 kb kit.

<sup>1</sup> **Important:** The HiFi yield and HiFi mean read length of a sequencing run are directly proportional to the quality of the genomic DNA input and the fragment lengths generated after shearing. To maximize yield and genome coverage per SMRT Cell, start with high quality gDNA containing minimal DNA below 10 kb. High quality gDNA will typically have a higher percent library recovery and HiFi sequencing yield.

<sup>2</sup> Gel size selection approaches can be used with the Ampli-Fi protocol to improve HiFi read length for certain samples that have a relatively large fraction of short DNA (< 5 kb). To remove unwanted DNA fragments larger than 5 kb using alternative gel-based size selection methods, please see *Technical note – Gel cassette size selection methods for WGS HiFi libraries* ([102-326-503](#)).

# General best practices recommendations for preparing Ampli-Fi libraries using SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 (cont.)

## Recommended DNA input amount and quality (cont.)

### Genomic DNA input amount required for shearing<sup>1</sup>

| Starting gDNA input into shearing                             | Vega system          | Revio system with non-SPRQ chemistry | Revio system With SPRQ chemistry |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Recommended starting genomic dsDNA input amount for protocol. | 1 – 50 ng per sample |                                      |                                  |

### Amplified DNA input amount required for SMRTbell library preparation using SMRTbell prep kit 3.0

| Amplified DNA input into SPK 3.0 library prep                   | Vega system          | Revio system with non-SPRQ chemistry | Revio system With SPRQ chemistry |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Amount of amplified DNA required for one SMRT Cell <sup>1</sup> | 600 ng per SMRT Cell | 600 ng per SMRT Cell                 | 150 ng per SMRT Cell             |

# General best practices recommendations for preparing Ampli-Fi libraries using SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 (cont.)

## Ampli-Fi library construction yields

### Expected SPK 3.0 Ampli-Fi library construction yield

- Overall SMRTbell library construction yield is dependent on input amplified DNA quality and size
  - The recovery from input amplified DNA to polymerase-bound SMRTbell library typically ranges between ~20 – 40% (includes SMRTbell library construction and ABC)

| Protocol step  | Expected DNA or SMRTbell step recovery | Expected DNA or SMRTbell overall recovery | Example DNA or SMRTbell overall recovery | Expected size (Femto Pulse) |
|--|--|---|--|-----------------------------|
| Starting amplified DNA input                           | 100%                                   | 100%                                      | 600 ng                                   | 7 – 11 kb                   |
| Post-SMRTbell adapter ligation & SMRTbell bead cleanup | 80 – 95%                               | 80 – 95%                                  | 480 – 570 ng                             | 7 – 11 kb                   |
| Post-nuclease (pre-cleanup)                            | 40 – 50%                               | 32 – 48%                                  | 192 – 288 ng                             | 7 – 11 kb                   |
| Post-3.1x AMPure PB bead cleanup                       | 75 – 80%                               | 24 – 38%                                  | 144 – 228 ng                             | 7 – 11 kb                   |
| Post-ABC cleanup                                       | 75 – 95%                               | 18 – 36%                                  | 108 – 216 ng                             | 7 – 11 kb                   |

### Minimum polymerase-bound Ampli-Fi library mass needed to load a SMRT Cell

| Mean library insert size | Polymerase-bound Ampli-Fi library mass needed to load one SMRT Cell (120 pM OPLC) <sup>1</sup> |                                      |                                  |
|--------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
|                          | Vega system  | Revio system with non-SPRQ chemistry | Revio system With SPRQ chemistry |
| 10,000 bp                | 100 ng   | 100 ng                               | 25 ng                            |

<sup>1</sup> Recommended on-plate loading concentration (OPLC) range for Ampli-Fi libraries (~5-10 kb) is ~120 – 160 pM for Revio system and ~100 – 140 pM for Vega system. **Note:** Starting with 600 ng of amplified DNA (going into SMRTbell library prep with SPK 3.0) will, on average, provide enough (~5-10 kb) library to load 2 Revio SMRT Cells without SPRQ chemistry or 2 Vega SMRT Cells. Starting with 150 ng of amplified DNA (going into SMRTbell library prep with SPK 3.0) will, on average, provide enough (~5-10 kb) library to load ≥2 Revio SMRT Cells with SPRQ chemistry.

# General best practices recommendations for preparing Ampli-Fi libraries using SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 (cont.)

## DNA shearing

- A mean fragment size between 7 to 11 kb with a narrow distribution (typically ~5 – 20 kb) is recommended for this protocol  
→ If the starting genomic DNA is within these ranges or lower, the DNA shearing step can be bypassed
- We recommend performing DNA shearing using a Megaruptor 3 system (Diagenode) or g-TUBEs (Covaris)

|                             | Megaruptor 3 system   | g-TUBE  |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Input DNA mass              | 1 – 50 ng             | 1 – 50 ng   |
| Shearing volume             | 65 µL                 | 65 µL   |
| Target insert length (mode) | 10 kb                 | 10 kb   |
| Shearing conditions         | Shear speed = 55 – 59 | 2348 x g (5000 rpm in Eppendorf 5424R) for 5 minutes; total # of passes = 2 |



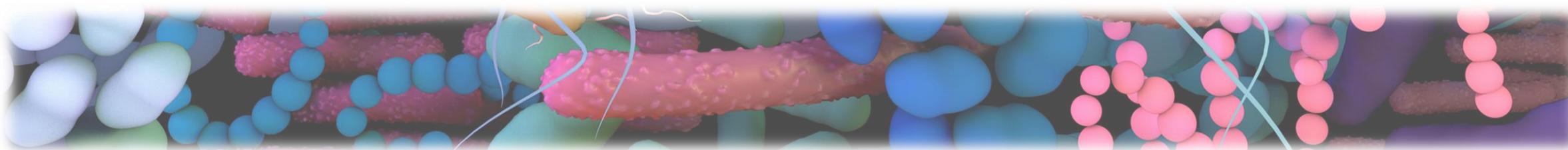
Megaruptor 3  
(Diagenode)



g-TUBE  
(Covaris)

## Metagenomic samples

- Metagenomic samples often have degraded gDNA where the majority of fragments are already <15 kb in length to start  
→ If DNA sizing QC indicates that the average fragment size of the starting gDNA is <15 kb, then skip the DNA shearing step in this procedure



# General best practices recommendations for preparing Ampli-Fi libraries using SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 (cont.)

## Reagent handling – PacBio kits or consumables<sup>1</sup>

| PacBio kit or consumable   | Thaw these reagents at room temperature   | Keep these temperature-sensitive reagents on ice                                     | Bring these reagents to room temperature 30 minutes prior to use                        |
|--|---|--|---|
| <b>SMRTbell prep kit 3.0</b><br>(102-182-700)<br>               | <input type="checkbox"/> Repair buffer    |   | <input type="checkbox"/> End repair mix   |
|  | <input type="checkbox"/> Nuclease buffer  |   | <input type="checkbox"/> DNA repair mix   |
|  | <input type="checkbox"/> SMRTbell adapter |   | <input type="checkbox"/> Ligation mix   |
|  | <input type="checkbox"/> Elution buffer   |   | <input type="checkbox"/> Ligation enhancer  |
|  |   |   | <input type="checkbox"/> Nuclease mix   |
|  |   |  | <input type="checkbox"/> SMRTbell adapter   |
| <b>AMPure PB bead size selection kit</b><br>(102-182-500)<br> | <input type="checkbox"/> Elution buffer   |  | <input type="checkbox"/> Elution buffer<br><br><input type="checkbox"/> AMPure PB beads |

# General best practices recommendations for preparing Ampli-Fi libraries using SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 (cont.)

## Reagent handling – PacBio kits or consumables<sup>1</sup> (cont.)

### PacBio reagent handling notes

- Room temperature is defined as any temperature in the range of 18 – 25°C for this protocol
- Once thawed, reaction buffers & adapter index plate may be stored on cold block, at 4°C, or on-ice prior to making master mix or placing on liquid handler work deck
- Mix reagent buffers with a brief vortex prior to use (do not vortex enzymes)
- Briefly spin down all reagent tubes in a microcentrifuge to collect all liquid at the bottom (if using a SMRTbell adapter index plate, briefly vortex and then spin down in a centrifuge with a plate adapter to collect all liquid at the bottom of the wells)
- Vortex SMRTbell cleanup beads and AMPure PB beads immediately before use (failure to do this will result in low recovery)
- Pipette-mix (e.g., up and down 10 times) all bead binding and elution steps until beads are distributed evenly in solution
- Samples can be stored at 4°C at all safe stopping points listed in the protocol



# General best practices recommendations for preparing Ampli-Fi libraries using SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 (cont.)

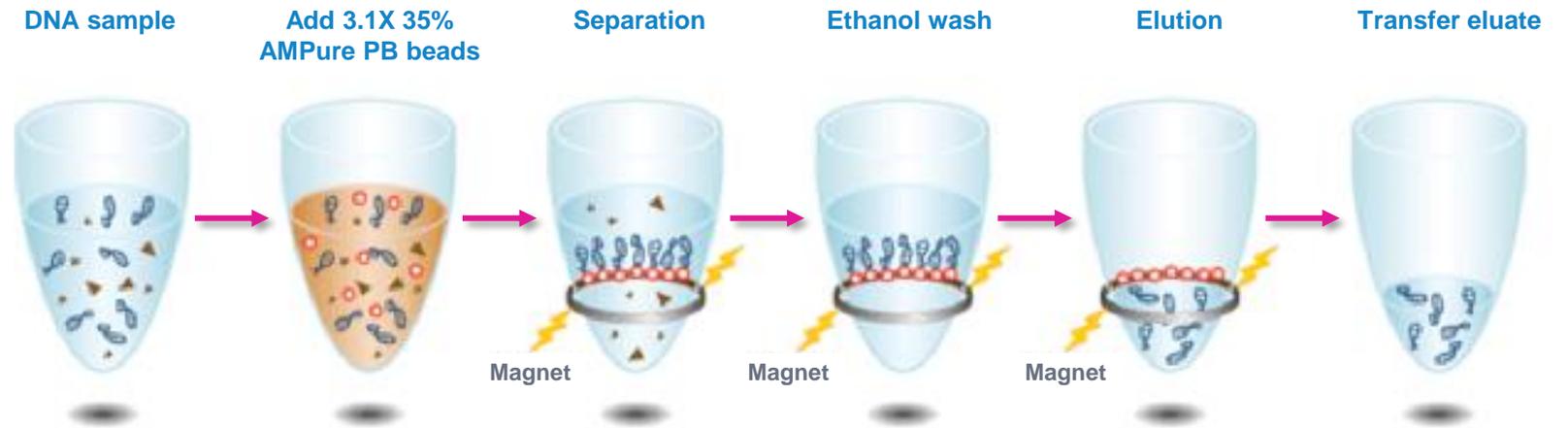
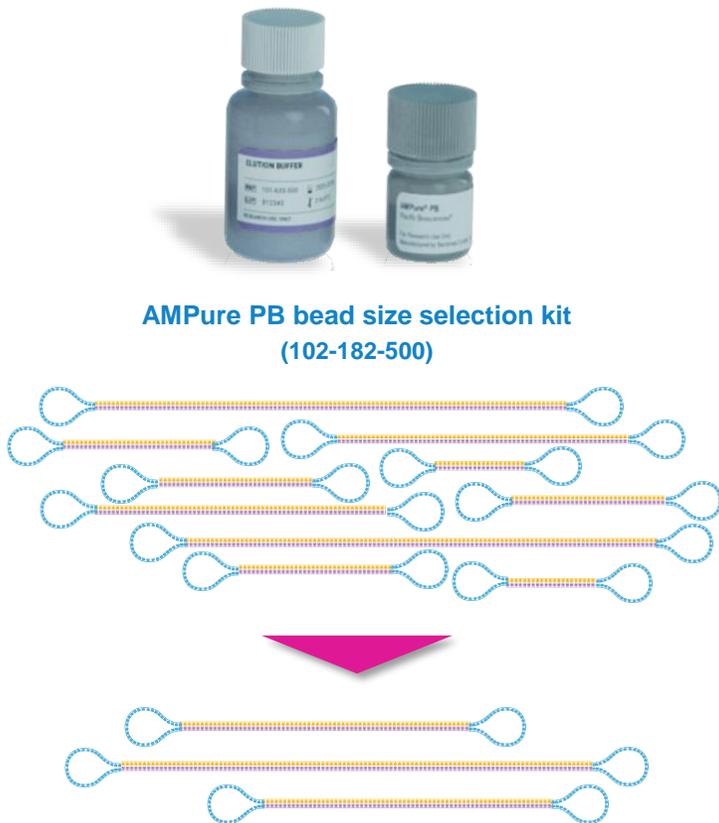
## Reagent handling – Third-party kits or consumables<sup>1</sup>

| Third-party kit or consumable   | Thaw these reagents at room temperature  | Keep these temperature-sensitive reagents on ice                               | Bring these reagents to room temperature 30 minutes prior to use |
|---|--|--|--|
| <p><b>Twist Universal Adapter System</b><br/>(Twist Bioscience 101307-101311)</p>  | <input type="checkbox"/> Twist universal adapter and UDI primers               | <input type="checkbox"/> Twist universal adapter and UDI primers               | <input type="checkbox"/> N/A                                     |
| <p><b>KOD Xtreme Hot Start DNA polymerase</b><br/>(Millipore Sigma 71975-3)</p>    | <input type="checkbox"/> 2x Xtreme buffer<br><br><input type="checkbox"/> dNTP | <input type="checkbox"/> 2x Xtreme buffer<br><br><input type="checkbox"/> dNTP | <input type="checkbox"/> N/A                                     |
| <p><b>Qubit dsDNA HS assay kit</b><br/>(ThermoFisher Scientific Q33230)</p>      | <input type="checkbox"/> N/A   | <input type="checkbox"/> N/A   | <input type="checkbox"/> dsDNA quantification reagents           |

# General best practices recommendations for preparing Ampli-Fi libraries using SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 (cont.)

## Final library size selection using AMPure PB bead size selection kit (102-182-500)

- AMPure PB beads are used as the default size selection method to progressively deplete short DNA fragments <5 kb<sup>1</sup> from final SPK 3.0 Ampli-Fi libraries and enrich for long fragments



### AMPure PB bead size selection procedure

1. Prepare a **35% dilution (v/v)** of the AMPure PB bead stock in Elution Buffer (EB)
  - 35% AMPure PB beads solution can be stored at 4°C for 30 days.
2. Add **3.1X of room-temperature 35% AMPure PB beads** to each sample and incubate for 20 min at RT
3. Place samples on magnetic rack; **wash samples with 80% ethanol 2X**; then elute samples in EB for 5 min at RT

# General best practices recommendations for preparing Ampli-Fi libraries using SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 (cont.)

## Multiplexing samples

### Sample indexing (barcoding) using Twist Universal Adapters and Twist Unique Dual Indexed (UDI) Primers

- In this procedure, **all** Ampli-Fi samples are indexed (asymmetrically barcoded) during PCR amplification step using Twist UDI primers

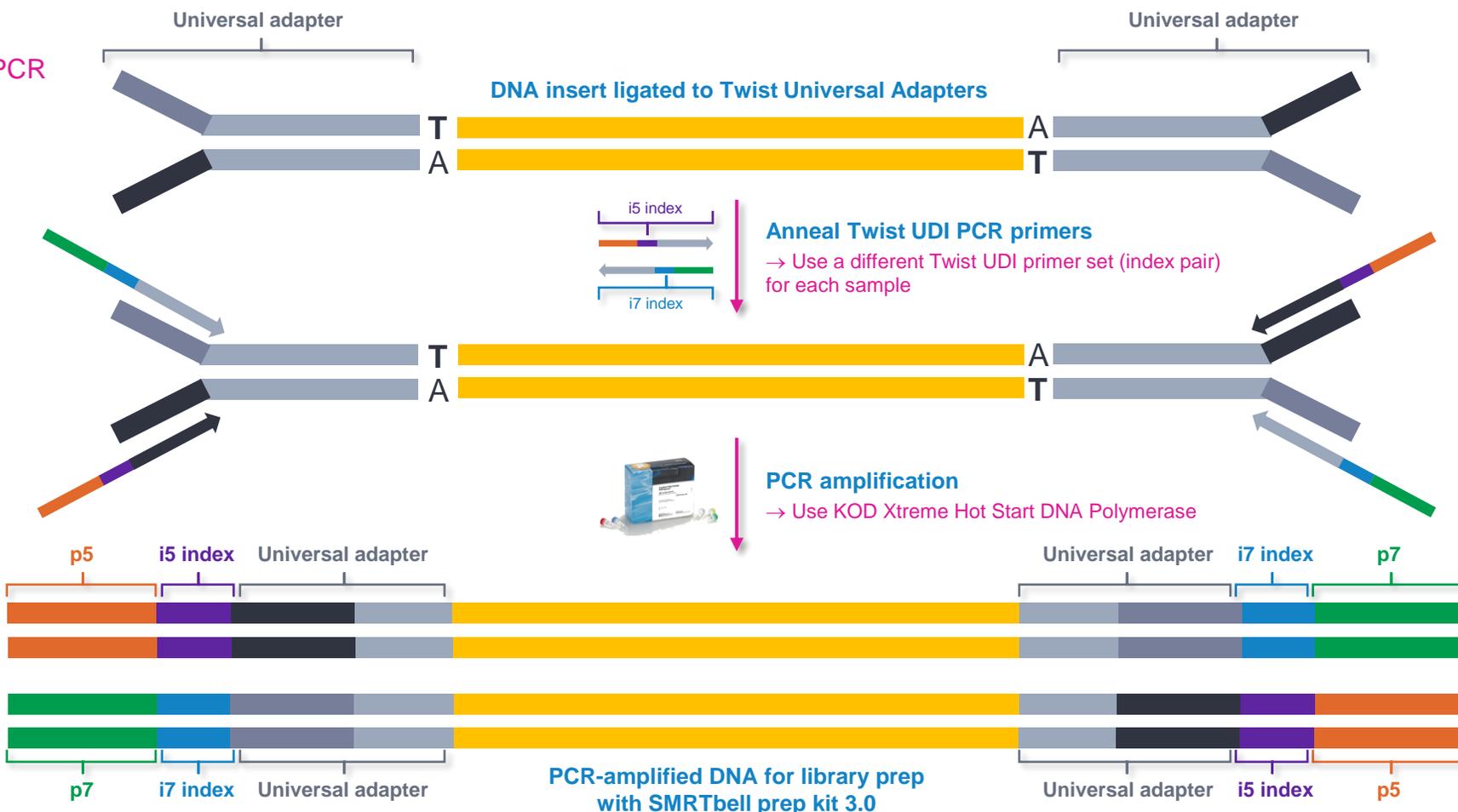
Twist UDI primers provide **unique dual-indexed** combinations (10 bp i5 index + 10 bp i7 index) with 1 PCR reaction per index pair

- Twist UDI primers are configured in 96-well plates and are available in 16-or 96-sample formats<sup>1</sup>
- To perform sample demultiplexing, use the following barcode set<sup>2</sup> that includes the appropriate Twist Universal Adapter and Twist UDI primer sequences:

Amplifi\_TwistUDIadapters\_noP7P5 [\[ Link \]](#)

```
UDI<----- Universal adapter ----->
[i5]ACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCCGATCT
```

```
UDI<----- Universal adapter ----->
[i7]GTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCCGATC
```

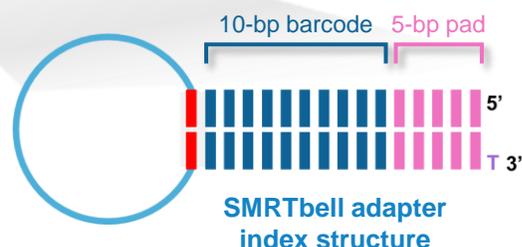
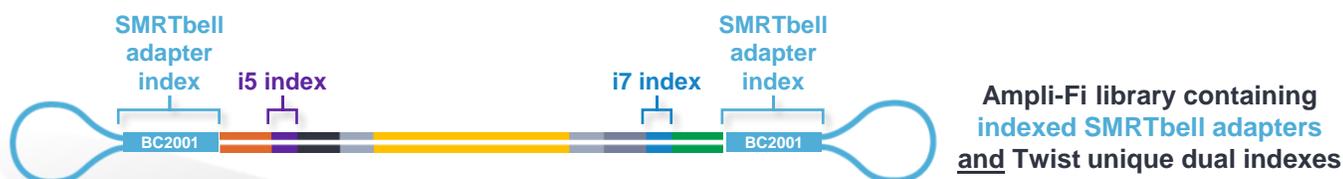


# General best practices recommendations for preparing Ampli-Fi libraries using SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 (cont.)

## Multiplexing samples (cont.)

### OPTIONAL: Sample indexing (barcoding) using SMRTbell adapter index plate 96A/B/C/D

- If **multiplexing** Ampli-Fi samples, can **optionally** use **SMRTbell adapter index plate 96A/B/C/D** to index (symmetrically barcode) your libraries during SMRTbell adapter ligation step<sup>1</sup>
  - Note:** In the standard Ampli-Fi library preparation workflow ([103-648-000](#)), **all** DNA samples are **asymmetrically barcoded** using **UDI barcoding** with the **Twist Universal Adapter System** and **Twist UDI Primers** → we recommend using this method (instead of using SMRTbell adapter index plate) for multiplexing Ampli-Fi libraries



**Note:** First perform barcode demultiplexing **on-instrument** to demultiplex SMRTbell adapter indexes **and then** proceed to perform a 2<sup>nd</sup> round of barcode demultiplexing **in SMRT Link** to demultiplex Twist UDIs

- SMRT Link comes preloaded with the following barcode set FASTA file containing SMRTbell adapter index plate 96A/B/C/D barcode sequences:
  - SMRTbell adapters indexes** (for Revio & Vega system run designs)

|   | 1       | 2       | 3       | 4       | 5       | 6       | 7       | 8       | 9       | 10      | 11      | 12      |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| A | BC 2001 | BC 2009 | BC 2017 | BC 2025 | BC 2033 | BC 2041 | BC 2049 | BC 2057 | BC 2065 | BC 2073 | BC 2081 | BC 2089 |
| B | BC 2002 | BC 2010 | BC 2018 | BC 2026 | BC 2034 | BC 2042 | BC 2050 | BC 2058 | BC 2066 | BC 2074 | BC 2082 | BC 2090 |
| C | BC 2003 | BC 2011 | BC 2019 | BC 2027 | BC 2035 | BC 2043 | BC 2051 | BC 2059 | BC 2067 | BC 2075 | BC 2083 | BC 2091 |
| D | BC 2004 | BC 2012 | BC 2020 | BC 2028 | BC 2036 | BC 2044 | BC 2052 | BC 2060 | BC 2068 | BC 2076 | BC 2084 | BC 2092 |
| E | BC 2005 | BC 2013 | BC 2021 | BC 2029 | BC 2037 | BC 2045 | BC 2053 | BC 2061 | BC 2069 | BC 2077 | BC 2085 | BC 2093 |
| F | BC 2006 | BC 2014 | BC 2022 | BC 2030 | BC 2038 | BC 2046 | BC 2054 | BC 2062 | BC 2070 | BC 2078 | BC 2086 | BC 2094 |
| G | BC 2007 | BC 2015 | BC 2023 | BC 2031 | BC 2039 | BC 2047 | BC 2055 | BC 2063 | BC 2071 | BC 2079 | BC 2087 | BC 2095 |
| H | BC 2008 | BC 2016 | BC 2024 | BC 2032 | BC 2040 | BC 2048 | BC 2056 | BC 2064 | BC 2072 | BC 2080 | BC 2088 | BC 2096 |

SMRTbell adapter index plate 96A ([102-009-200](#)) contains 96 barcoded adapters to support multiplexed SMRTbell library construction for up to 96 samples using SPK 3.0

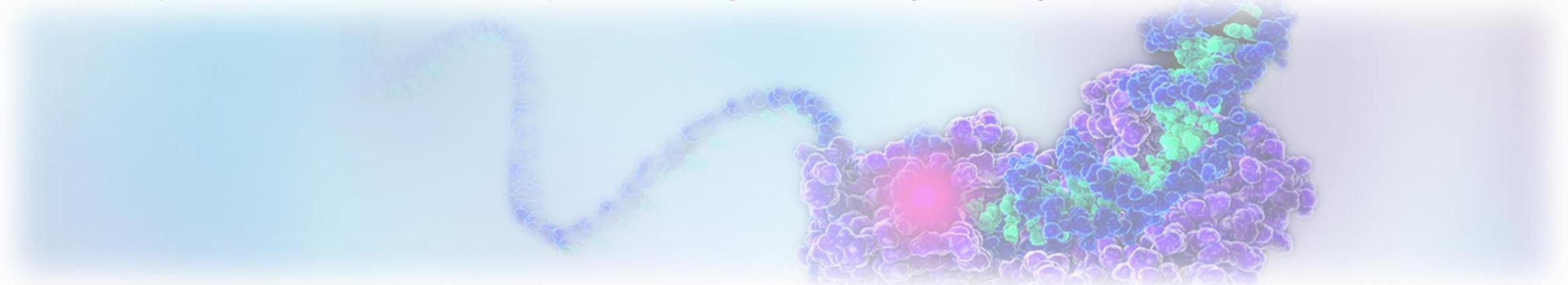
SMRTbell adapter index sequences (FASTA) [ [Link](#) ]

Product insert – SMRTbell adapter index plate 96A (contains plate map [ [Link](#) ])

# General best practices recommendations for preparing Ampli-Fi libraries using SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 (cont.)

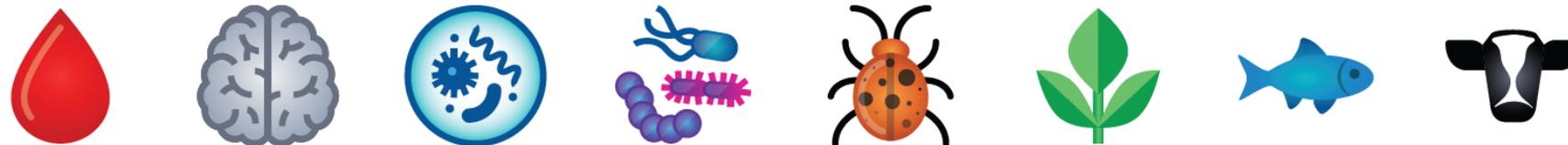
## Sequencing preparation (ABC) and polymerase-bound library storage

- **Procedure & checklist – Amplifying genomic DNA for SMRTbell library preparation and HiFi sequencing** ([103-648-000](#)) includes instructions for the primer annealing, polymerase binding & complex cleanup (ABC) sample setup steps for Revio and Vega systems
  - For sequencing Ampli-Fi SMRTbell libraries on the Revio system with SPRQ chemistry or the Vega system: Follow sample setup instructions stated in the protocol to perform ABC and final loading dilution procedure – Do not use SMRT Link Sample Setup software
- Sequencing polymerase is stable once bound to the SMRTbell library and can be stored at 4°C or frozen at -20°C.
- Stored polymerase-bound library shows equivalent loading to freshly prepared bound libraries up to the recommendations listed below.  
**Recommended polymerase-bound storage:<sup>1</sup>**
  - Polymerase-bound libraries can be stored at 4°C for up to 1 month
  - Polymerase-bound libraries can be stored at -20°C for up to 6 months
  - Polymerase-bound libraries can withstand up to 4 freeze-thaw cycles
- Stored polymerase-bound libraries should be **protected from light** since Loading buffer is light-sensitive



# DNA sample extraction

Use any suitable DNA extraction kit or method to isolate sufficient gDNA from your specific sample type of interest



QC

DNA sample extraction & QC

DNA Shearing & amplification

- 1 Shear DNA
- 2 Repair & A-tailing of sheared DNA
- 3 Ligation of amplification adapter and cleanup
- 4 Library amplification by PCR and cleanup

Library construction

- 5 Repair & A-tailing of amplified DNA
- 6 SMRTbell adapter ligation and cleanup
- 7 Nuclease treatment
- 8 AMPure PB bead size selection

## Example DNA extraction kits for challenging sample types

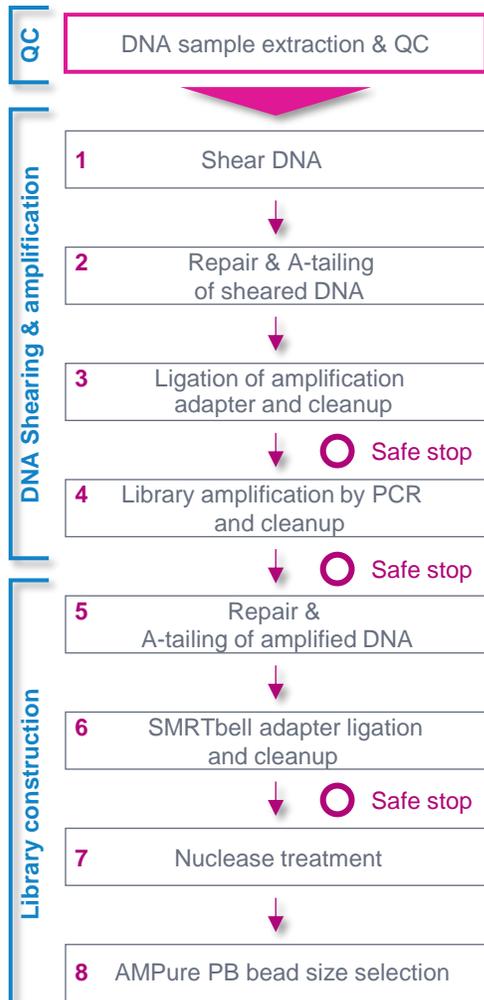
| Sample type       | Third-party product or kit   |
|-------------------|--|
| FFPE              | QIAGEN QIAamp DNA FFPE Tissue Kit (PN 56404)   |
| Dried blood spots | QIAGEN QIAamp DNA Blood Mini Kit (PN 51104)  |
| Fecal and soil    | QIAGEN DNeasy PowerSoil Pro (PN 47014)   |
|                   | QIAGEN PowerFecal Pro (PN 51804)   |
|                   | QIAGEN DNeasy PowerClean Pro Cleanup Kit (PN 12997-50) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If needed, can be used after extracting DNA with PowerSoil or PowerFecal kits to further improve sequencing performance</li> </ul> |

**Note:** Third-party products listed in table have not been extensively tested or validated by PacBio but are listed here as examples of kits or methods used by other PacBio customers for isolating genomic DNA from challenging sample types.

• **For FFPE samples:** We recommend using the **QIAamp DNA FFPE Tissue Kit** for DNA extraction and following the **Qiagen Supplementary Protocol<sup>1</sup>**, which uses **Deparaffinization Solution (PN 19093)**

# DNA sample QC

Perform DNA QC using a Qubit dsDNA HS assay and a DNA sizing tool



## DNA quantification QC



Qubit 4 fluorometer  
(Thermo Fisher Scientific)

Qubit fluorometer in conjunction with Qubit 1X dsDNA high-sensitivity assay (Thermo Fisher Scientific) enables rapid, specific and accurate determination of nucleic acid concentrations in a single sample<sup>1,2</sup>

- Assay is highly selective for dsDNA over ssDNA, RNA, protein, and free nucleotides. Contaminants, such as salts, solvents, or detergents are well-tolerated.
- Depending on sample volume, assay kit is designed to be accurate for initial DNA sample concentrations of 5 pg/μL to 120 ng/μL, providing a detection range of 0.1–120 ng.

## DNA sizing QC



Femto Pulse system  
(Agilent Technologies)  
or other DNA sizing QC tool

Femto Pulse system enables simple, rapid sizing QC of genomic DNA and SMRTbell libraries, and conserves sample by using femtogram ranges of input DNA

- Use the Femto Pulse gDNA 165 kb analysis kit (FP-1002-0275)
- Dilute samples to 250 pg/uL

If a Femto Pulse system is unavailable, can consider using alternative DNA sizing QC systems

- Caution should be used when interpreting results from other tools that employ constant-field electrophoresis technology<sup>3</sup>

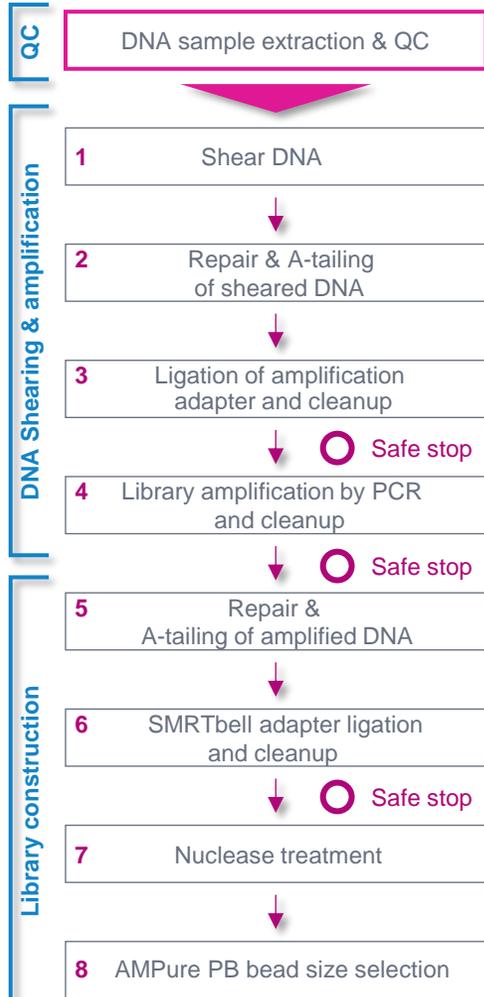
<sup>3</sup> These technologies tend to inflate the true size of the gDNA (or library) and should only be used for qualitative assessment of whether an experiment was successful (e.g., construction of intact SMRTbell library) rather than for accurate measurement of fragment size distributions

<sup>1</sup> Important: The Qubit Flex instrument is not compatible with measuring polymerase-bound library in Loading Buffer (concentration readings will not be accurate).

<sup>2</sup> Note: We do not recommend quantification with UV-Vis Spectrophotometers (e.g., NanoDrop) that measure all nucleic acids in a sample. For example, measuring all nucleic acid will inflate the true concentration of gDNA in samples.

# DNA sample QC

Perform DNA QC using a Qubit dsDNA HS assay and a DNA sizing tool



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- Depending on sample volume, assay kit is designed to be accurate for initial DNA sample concentrations of 5 pg/μL to 120 ng/μL, providing a detection range of 0.1–120 ng.

## DNA sizing QC

Example comparison of Ampli-Fi library sizing results: Femto Pulse system vs. TapeStation system

TapeStation sizing measurements are often several kb larger than Femto Pulse sizing results for ~10 kb Ampli-Fi library size range



**TapeStation system**      **Femto Pulse system**

| DNA input for Ampli-Fi library prep | Measured Ampli-Fi SMRTbell library mode size (bp) |                          |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------------|
|                                     | TapeStation <sup>3</sup>                          | Femto Pulse <sup>4</sup> |
| 1 ng                                | 14302   | 11799                    |
| 5 ng                                | 13024   | 11294                    |
| 20 ng                               | 11953   | 11013                    |
| 50 ng                               | 14043   | 10282                    |

<sup>3</sup> TapeStation measurements were performed using Genomic DNA ScreenTape.  
<sup>4</sup> Femto Pulse measurements were performed using Genomic DNA 165 kb Kit.

<sup>1</sup> Important: The Qubit Flex instrument is not compatible with measuring polymerase-bound library in Loading Buffer (concentration readings will not be accurate).  
<sup>2</sup> Note: We do not recommend quantification with UV-Vis Spectrophotometers (e.g., NanoDrop) that measure all nucleic acids in a sample. For example, measuring all nucleic acid will inflate the true concentration of gDNA in samples.

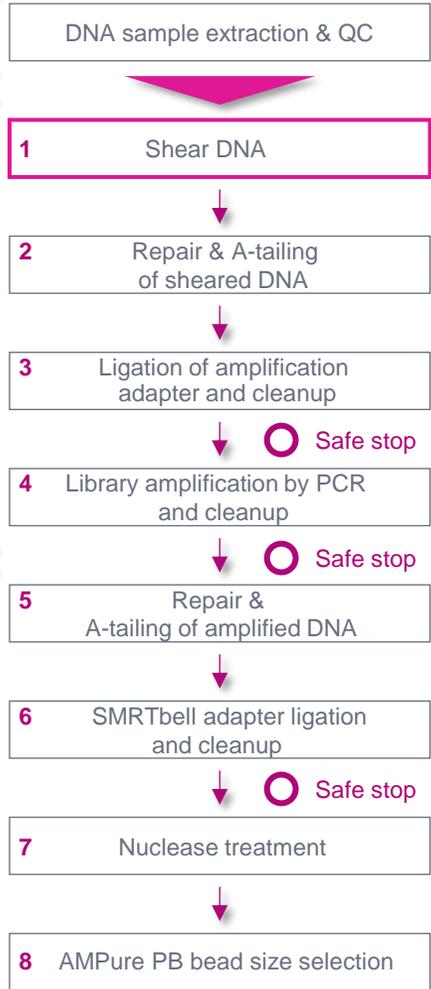
# DNA shearing

Perform DNA shearing for Ampli-Fi samples using Megaruptor 3 system or g-TUBEs<sup>1</sup>

QC

DNA Shearing & amplification

Library construction



## 1. DNA shearing options

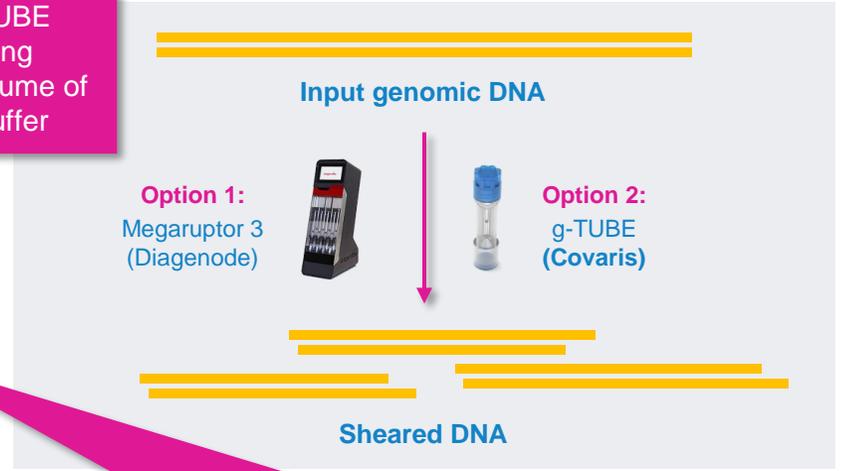
### Option 1: DNA shearing with the Megaruptor 3 system

| Step         | Instructions DNA shearing and cleanup  |             |                      |    |       |
|--------------|--|-------------|----------------------|----|-------|
| DNA shearing |  |             |                      |    |       |
| 1.1          | Bring 1 -50 ng DNA up to a final volume of 65 $\mu$ L with low TE buffer.<br>Shear DNA on the Megaruptor 3 system with the following parameters:   |             |                      |    |       |
|              | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Shear speed</th> <th>Target insert length</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>59</td> <td>10 kb</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>  | Shear speed | Target insert length | 59 | 10 kb |
| Shear speed  | Target insert length   |             |                      |    |       |
| 59           | 10 kb  |             |                      |    |       |
| 1.2          | <b>Note:</b> It is recommended to confirm gDNA is sheared to the appropriate size-range (<11 kb) prior to proceeding. If the DNA is under-sheared, a second shear with the same parameters can be repeated. The same Megaruptor consumables can be used if a secondary shear is required.  |             |                      |    |       |
| 1.3          | Transfer sheared DNA into a tube strip or other appropriate tube for the Repair and A tail step. Typical volume loss during shearing is between 5–10 $\mu$ L.  |             |                      |    |       |
| 1.4          | Recommended: evaluate sample quality (concentration and size distribution). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Take a 1-2 <math>\mu</math>L aliquot and measure DNA concentration with a Qubit fluorometer using the 1x dsDNA HS kit.</li> <li>Measure DNA size distribution with a Femto Pulse system. If the DNA size is &gt;11 kb, repeat step 1.2 (see note).</li> </ul> |             |                      |    |       |

• For both MR3 & g-TUBE shearing, bring 1-50 ng DNA up to a final volume of 65  $\mu$ L with low TE buffer

### Option 2: Shearing genomic DNA using a Covaris g-TUBE

| Step | Instructions for Covaris g-TUBE shearing   |
|------|--|
| 1.1  | Dilute 1 -50 ng gDNA in a final volume of 65 $\mu$ L with low TE buffer.   |
| 1.2  | Transfer gDNA to the g-TUBE and centrifuge at 2348 x g for 5 minutes to achieve a target mode of 10 kb.  |
| 1.3  | Check for any residual sample remaining in the upper chamber of the g-TUBE. If present, re-spin for 1 minute. Repeat spin until the entire gDNA sample has passed through the orifice.                             |
| 1.4  | Invert and spin the g-TUBE at the same speed selected in step 1.2 until the entire gDNA sample has passed through the g-TUBE orifice.  |
| 1.5  | Transfer the recovered sheared DNA to a new 0.2 mL 8-tube strip. Up to 10% volume loss is typical.<br><b>Note:</b> It is acceptable to proceed with up to 60 $\mu$ L of sample into the Repair and A-tailing step. |



• If the DNA is under-sheared, a second MR3 shear with the same parameters and same consumable can be repeated

**IMPORTANT!**

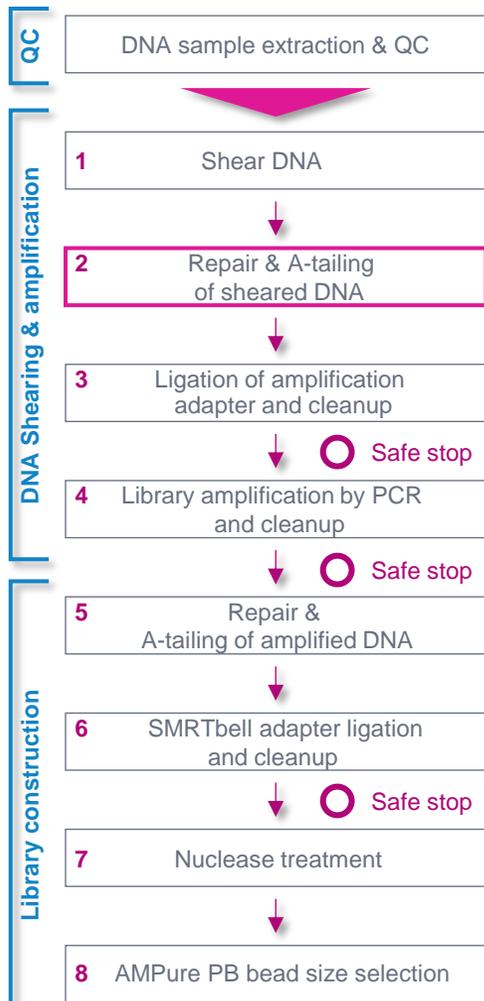
- A mean fragment size between 7 to 11 kb is recommended for this protocol
- In addition, the distribution of fragment sizes should be narrow and generally between ~5 to 20 kb
  - Fragments that are too short produce less HiFi data per read, and fragments that are too long may not be efficiently amplified during PCR step (Step 4)

• **Note:** Can proceed with up to 60  $\mu$ L of post-sheared DNA sample into Repair & A-tailing step (Step 2)

SAFE STOPPING POINT - Store at 4°C

# Repair & A-tailing of sheared DNA

Repair sites of DNA damage and prepare sheared DNA for ligation to PCR amplification adapter



## 2. Repair and A-tailing of sheared DNA

✓ Step Instructions for DNA damage and end repair of sheared DNA

Add the following components from the SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 to a new microcentrifuge tube. Adjust component volumes for the number of samples being amplified, plus 15% overage. For individual preps, add components directly to the sample from the previous step at the specified volumes and skip steps 2.2 to 2.4.

| Repair mastermix    |                |              |                |                 |
|---------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|
| ✓ Tube              | Component      | Volume       |                |                 |
|                     |                | Per library  | 4 libraries*   | 8 libraries*    |
| Purple              | Repair buffer  | 8 µL         | 36.8 µL        | 73.6 µL         |
| Blue                | End repair mix | 2 µL         | 9.2 µL         | 18.4 µL         |
| Green               | DNA repair mix | 1 µL         | 4.6 µL         | 9.2 µL          |
| <b>Total volume</b> |                | <b>11 µL</b> | <b>50.6 µL</b> | <b>101.2 µL</b> |

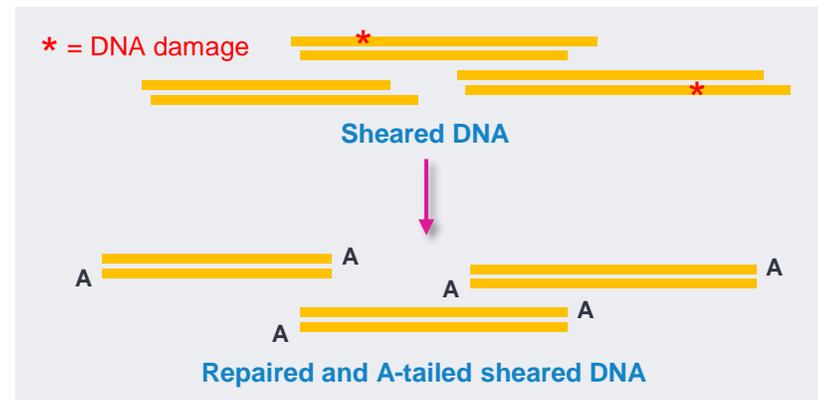
\*15% overage included in mastermix calculations

- 2.1
- 2.2 Pipette-mix the Repair mastermix.
- 2.3 Quick-spin the Repair mastermix in a microcentrifuge to collect liquid.
- 2.4 Add 11 µL of the Repair mastermix to each sample. Total reaction volume should be 60 µL.  
**Note:** It is acceptable to use up to 60 µL of sample (post-shearing) without negatively impacting enzymatic or cleanup reactions. Recovery sample volume from Megaruptor is typically 50 – 60 µL.
- 2.5 Pipette-mix each sample.
- 2.6 Quick-spin the sample(s) in a microcentrifuge to collect liquid.

Run the **Repair and A-tailing** thermocycler program with the lid temperature set to >75°C.

| Step  | Time   | Temperature |
|-------|--------|-------------|
| 2.7 1 | 30 min | 37°C        |
| 2.7 2 | 5 min  | 65°C        |
| 2.7 3 | Hold   | 4°C         |

- 2.8 Proceed to the next step of the protocol.



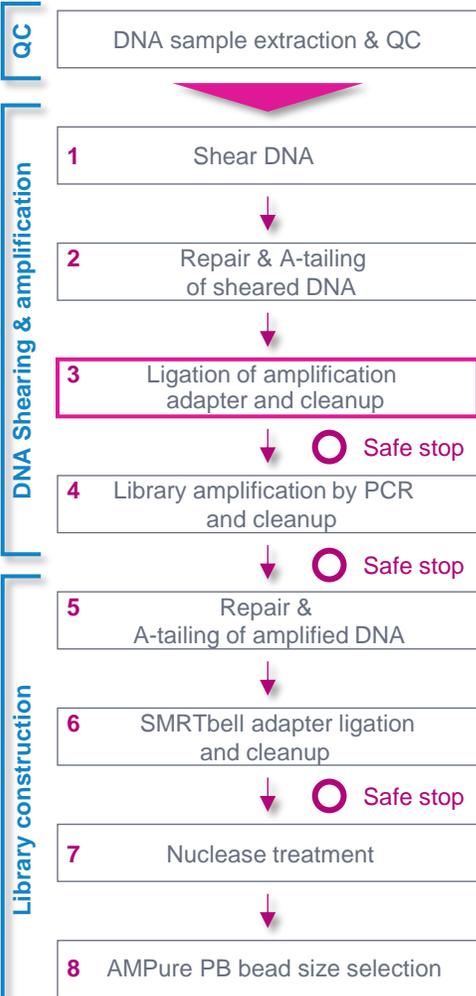
- Prepare a reaction master mix by adding the required components in the order and volume listed to a new microcentrifuge tube
- Adjust component volumes for the number of samples being prepared (e.g., 4, 8 or more<sup>1</sup>), plus 15% overage

- Add **11 µL** of master mix to each sample
- Can use **up to 60 µL** of sheared DNA sample in Repair & A-tailing reaction → **Total rxn vol. may be up to 71 µL**

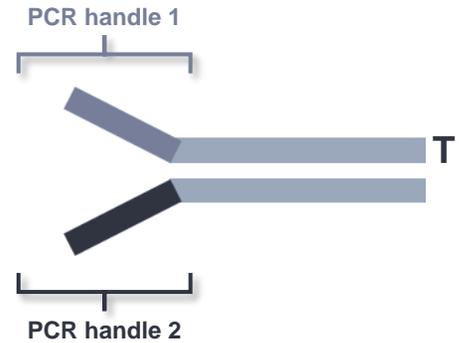
- Run **Repair and A-tailing** thermal cycler program
- Set lid temperature to **≥75°C** if programmable

# Ligation of amplification adapter and cleanup

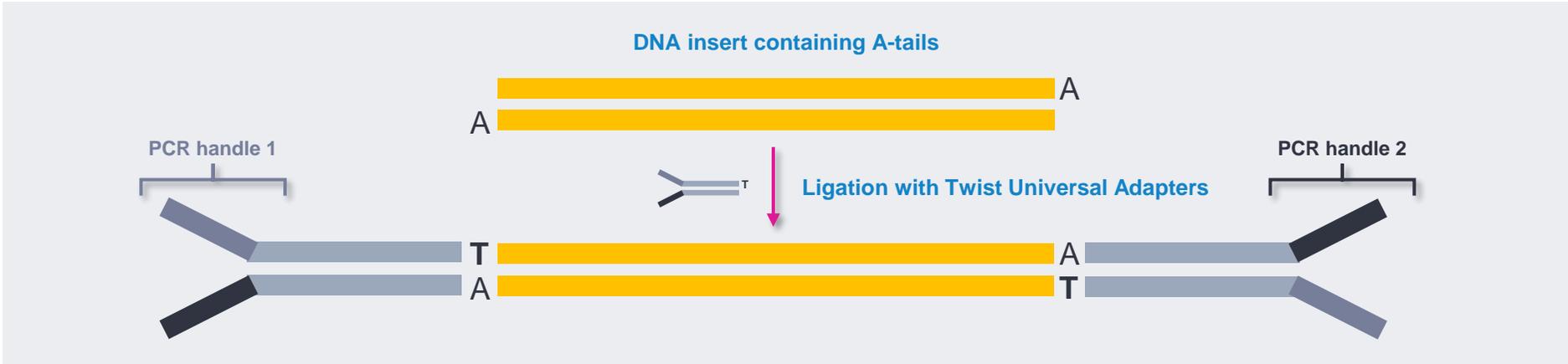
Ligate PCR amplification adapter to the ends of each DNA fragment



Twist Universal Adapters provide handles for subsequent PCR amplification of DNA inserts

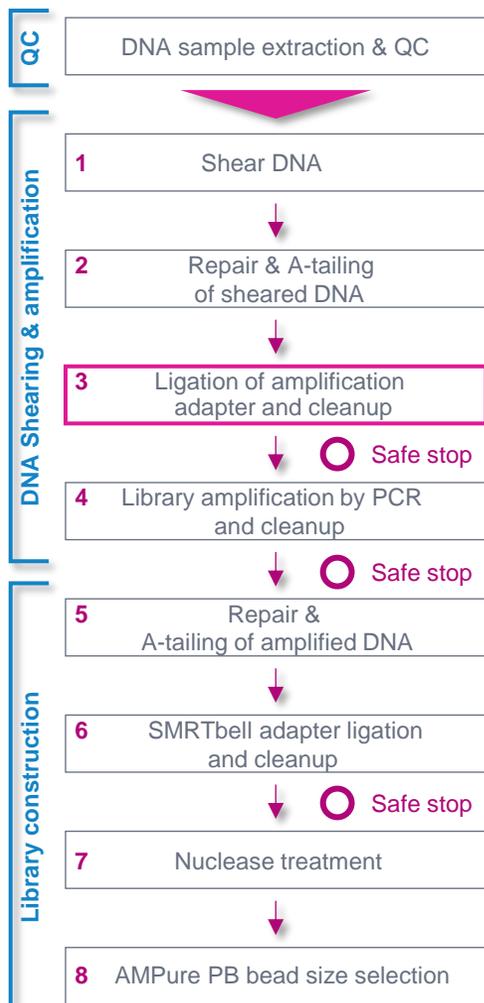


Twist Universal Adapter containing T-tail



# Ligation of amplification adapter and cleanup

## Procedure notes



### 3. Ligation of universal PCR amplification adapter and cleanup

✓ Step Instructions for amplification adapter ligation and reaction cleanup

Add the following components to a new microcentrifuge tube. Adjust component volumes for the number of libraries being prepared, plus 10% overage. For individual preps, add components directly to each sample from the previous step in the order and volume listed below, and skip steps 3.2 to 3.4.

| Ligation mastermix |        |                         |              |                           |
|--------------------|--------|-------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|
| ✓                  | Tube   | Component               | Volume       |                           |
| 3.1                |        |                         | Per library  | 4 libraries* 8 libraries* |
|                    |        | Twist Universal Adapter | 2 µL         | 8.8 µL 17.6 µL            |
|                    | Yellow | Ligation mix            | 15 µL        | 66 µL 132 µL              |
|                    | Red    | Ligation enhancer       | 1 µL         | 4.4 µL 8.8 µL             |
|                    |        | <b>Total volume</b>     | <b>18 µL</b> | <b>79.2 µL 158.4 µL</b>   |

\*10% overage included in mastermix calculation

- 3.2 Pipette-mix the Ligation mastermix.
- 3.3 Quick-spin the Ligation mastermix in a microcentrifuge to collect liquid.
- 3.4 Add 18 µL of the Ligation mastermix containing the Twist universal adapter to each sample from the previous step.  
The total volume per sample should be 78 µL.
- 3.7 Run the **Adapter ligation** thermocycler program with the lid temperature set to >30°C.
 

| Step | Time   | Temperature |
|------|--------|-------------|
| 1    | 30 min | 20°C        |
| 2    | Hold   | 4°C         |
- 3.8 Add 78 µL of resuspended, room-temperature SMRTbell cleanup beads to each sample.
- 3.9 Pipette-mix the beads until evenly distributed.

- Prepare ligation rxn master mix containing **Universal Adapters** available from Twist Bioscience by adding required components in the order and volume listed to a new microcentrifuge tube

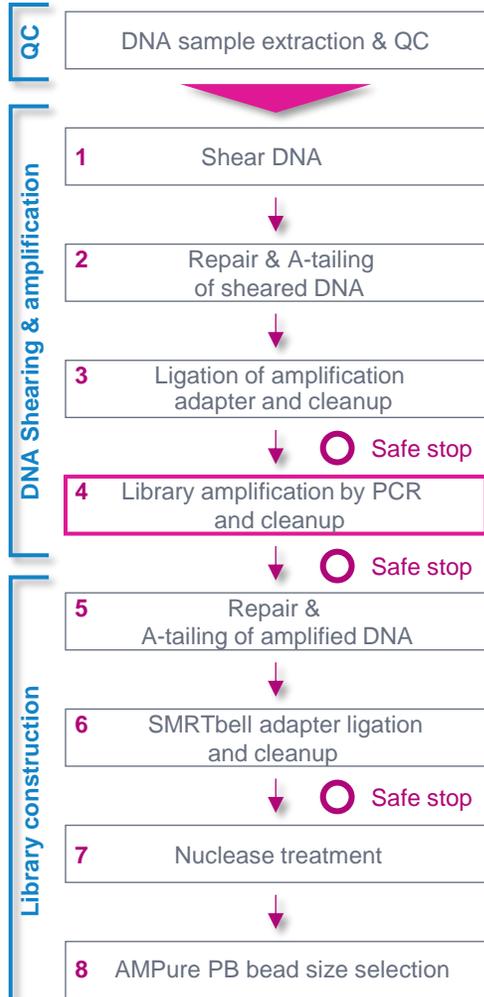
- Add **18 µL** of master mix to each sample
- Total universal adapter ligation rxn volume **may be up to 89 µL** (if using up to 60 µL of post-sheared DNA for Repair & A-tailing rxn in Step 2)

- Run **Adapter ligation** thermal cycler program
- Set lid temperature to **≥30°C** if programmable

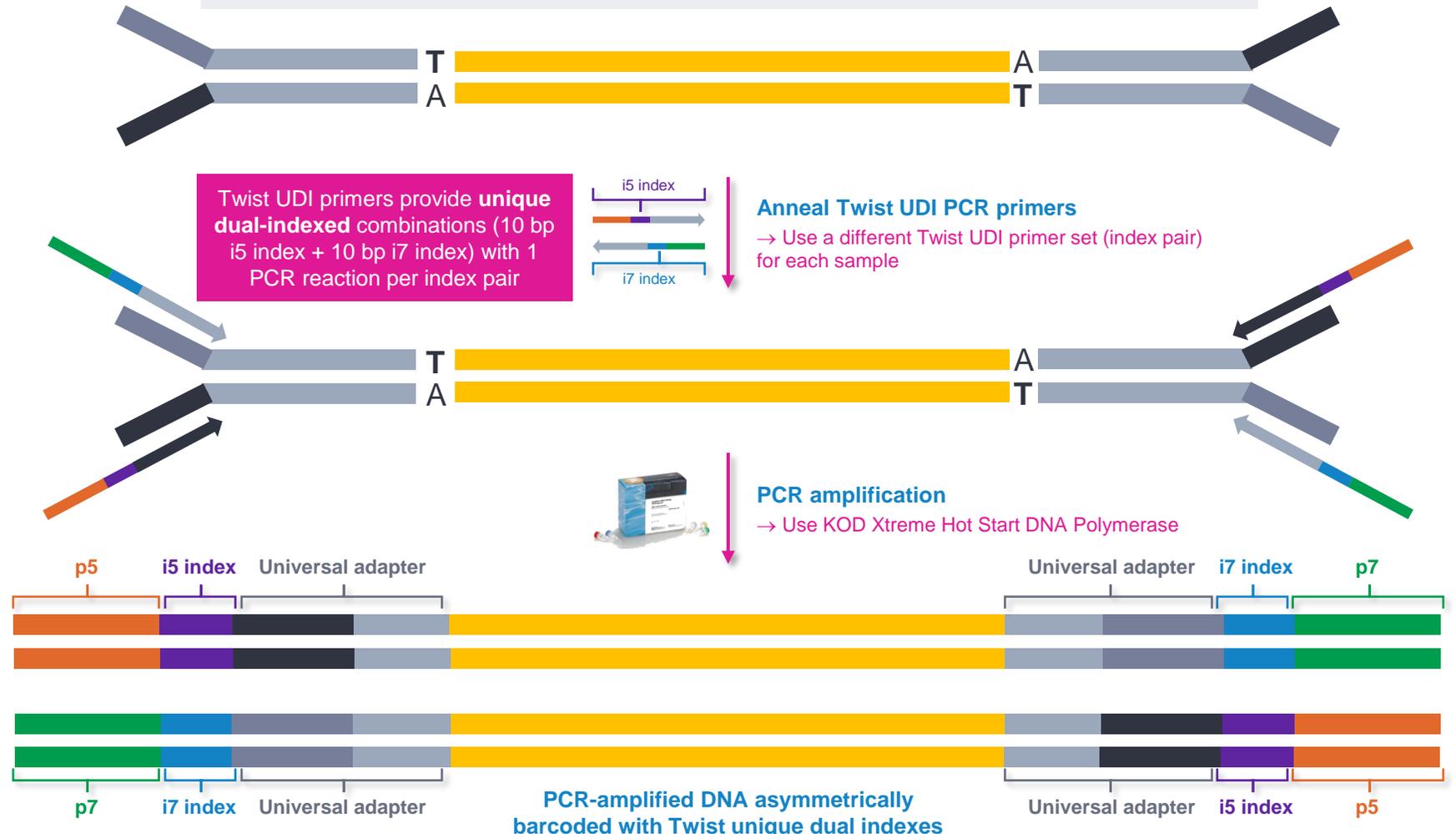
- Perform **1X SMRTbell bead cleanup**
- If needed**, adjust required vol. of SMRTbell cleanup beads based on total universal adapter ligation rxn vol.
- Elute cleaned DNA into **24 µL** of EB buffer

# Library amplification by PCR and cleanup

PCR-amplify genomic DNA fragments ligated with amplification adapters on both ends

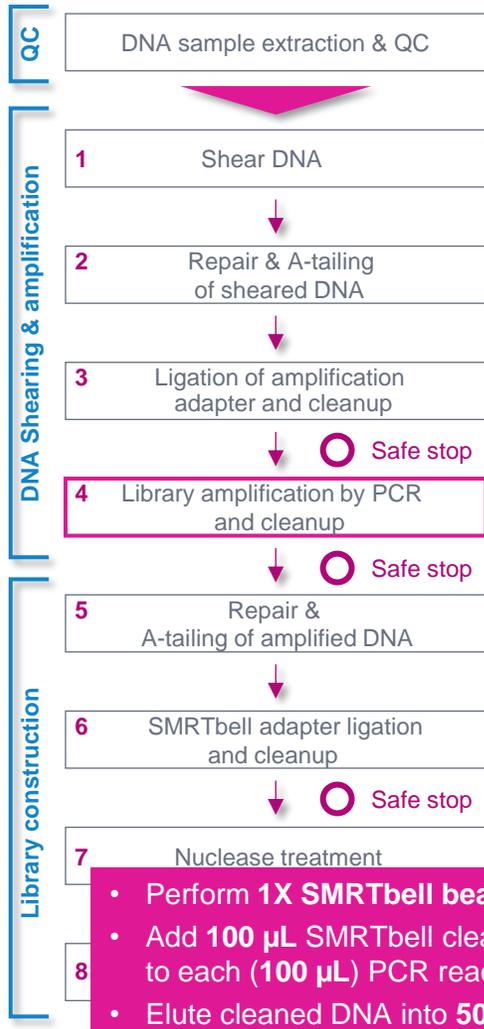


**Note:** In this procedure, all Ampli-Fi samples are indexed (and asymmetrically barcoded) during PCR amplification step using Twist UDI primers that contain 10-bp i5 + 10-bp i7 indexes



# Library amplification by PCR and cleanup

## Procedural notes



- Add 4  $\mu\text{L}$  of Twist UDI primer to each sample (24  $\mu\text{L}$ ) to bring sample + primer vol. to 28  $\mu\text{L}$

### 4. Library amplification by PCR and cleanup

✓ Step Instructions library amplification

Add the following components to a new microcentrifuge tube. Adjust component volumes for the number of libraries being prepared, plus 10% overage. Add 4  $\mu\text{L}$  of Twist UDI primer to each sample. For individual preps, add components directly to the sample from the previous step at the specified volumes and skip steps 4.2 to 4.4.

| Amplification mastermix |                                     |                                    |                                       |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| ✓                       | Component                           | Volume                             |                                       |
|                         |                                     | Per library                        | 4 libraries*                          |
|                         | 2x Xtreme buffer                    | 50 $\mu\text{L}$                   | 220 $\mu\text{L}$                     |
|                         | dNTP (2 mM each)                    | 20 $\mu\text{L}$                   | 88 $\mu\text{L}$                      |
|                         | KOD Xtreme Hot Start DNA polymerase | 2 $\mu\text{L}$                    | 8.8 $\mu\text{L}$                     |
|                         | Twist UDI Primers (plate)           | 4 $\mu\text{L}$                    | 17.6 $\mu\text{L}$                    |
|                         | <b>Total volume</b>                 | <b>76 <math>\mu\text{L}</math></b> | <b>316.8 <math>\mu\text{L}</math></b> |

4.3 Quick-spin the Amplification mastermix in a microcentrifuge to collect liquid.

4.4 On ice, add 72  $\mu\text{L}$  of the Amplification mastermix to 28  $\mu\text{L}$  of sample + Twist UDI primer solution for a total volume of 100  $\mu\text{L}$ .

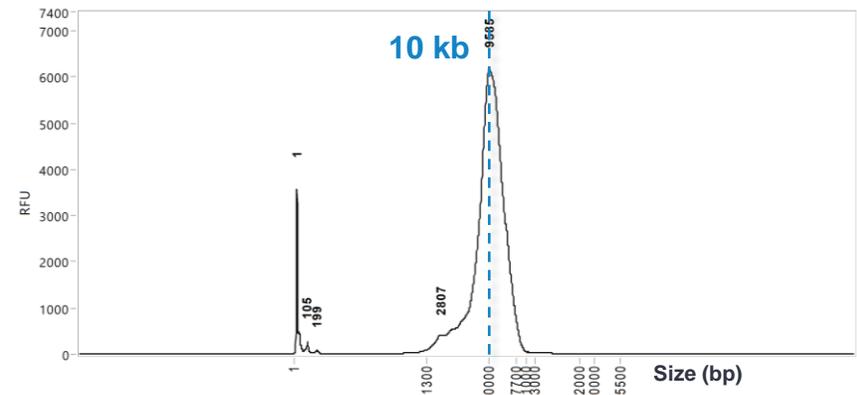
Run the PCR thermocycler program with the lid temperature set to 105°C. Do not add samples to thermal cycler until lid has pre-heated.

| Step | Time   | Temperature | Cycles      | DNA input | PCR Cycles |
|------|--------|-------------|-------------|-----------|------------|
| 1    | 2 min  | 94°C        | 1 cycle     | 1 ng      | 14 cycles  |
| 2    | 10 sec | 98°C        | 8-14 cycles | 5 ng      | 12 cycles  |
| 3    | 30 sec | 58.8°C      |             | 10 ng     | 11 cycles  |
| 4    | 10 min | 68°C        | 20 ng       | 10 cycles |            |
| 5    | 7 min  | 68°C        | 1 cycle     | 50 ng     | 8 cycles   |
| 6    | Hold   | 4°C         |             |           |            |

4.8 Add 100  $\mu\text{L}$  of resuspended, room-temperature SMRTbell cleanup beads to each sample.

- Prepare PCR rxn master mix by adding required components in the order and volume listed to a new tube
- Add 72  $\mu\text{L}$  of PCR master mix to each sample + primer solution (28  $\mu\text{L}$ ) for a total rxn volume of 100  $\mu\text{L}$

- Run PCR thermal cycler program using recommended number of amplification cycles based on DNA input amount
- Set lid temperature to 105°C if programmable
- Do not add samples to thermal cycler until lid has pre-heated



Example sheared human DNA sample amplified by PCR. Size distribution of amplified products is ~10 kb and appropriate to proceed to SMRTbell library construction.

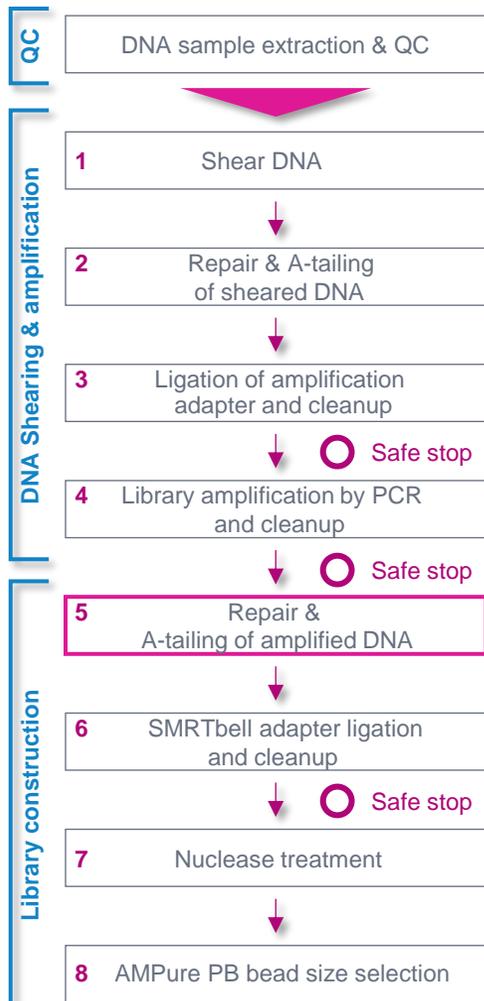
### IMPORTANT!

- You must have the required mass of purified amplified DNA per reaction to proceed with SMRTbell library prep
  - $\geq 150$  ng or  $\geq 600$  ng of amplified DNA mass<sup>1</sup> is required to yield enough polymerase-bound Ampli-Fi library (10 kb) for sequencing using Revio SPRQ chemistry or Revio non-SPRQ/Vega chemistry (120 pM on-plate loading concentration).

<sup>1</sup> See Appendix section of procedure for guidance on running additional PCR cycles for samples with low PCR yield.

# DNA repair & A-tailing of amplified DNA

Repair sites of DNA damage and prepare amplified DNA for ligation to SMRTbell adapter



## 5. Repair and A-tailing of amplified DNA

✓ Step Instructions for DNA damage and end repair of amplified DNA

Add the following components from the SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 to a microcentrifuge tube. Adjust component volumes for the number of libraries being prepared, plus 15% overage. For individual preps, add components directly to the sample from the previous step at the specified volumes and skip steps 5.2 to 5.4.

| Repair mastermix |        |                     |              |                |                 |
|------------------|--------|---------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|
| ✓                | Tube   | Component           | Per library  | 4 libraries*   | 8 libraries*    |
| 5.1              | Purple | Repair buffer       | 8 µL         | 36.8 µL        | 73.6 µL         |
|                  | Blue   | End repair mix      | 2 µL         | 9.2 µL         | 18.4 µL         |
|                  | Green  | DNA repair mix      | 1 µL         | 4.6 µL         | 9.2 µL          |
|                  |        | <b>Total volume</b> | <b>11 µL</b> | <b>50.6 µL</b> | <b>101.2 µL</b> |

\*15% overage included in mastermix calculations

- 5.2 Pipette-mix the Repair mastermix.
- 5.3 Quick-spin the Repair mastermix in a microcentrifuge to collect liquid.
- 5.4 Add 11 µL of the Repair mastermix to 49 µL of sample from step 4.21 for a total volume of 60 µL.
- 5.5 Pipette-mix each sample.
- 5.6 Quick-spin the sample(s) in a microcentrifuge to collect liquid.

Run the **Repair and A-tailing** thermocycler program with the lid temperature set to >75°C.

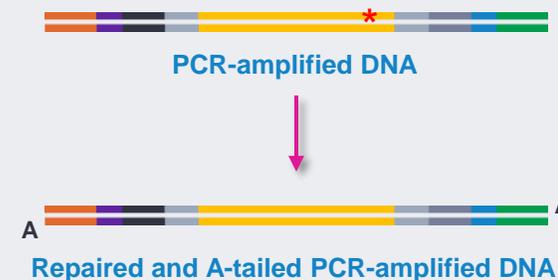
| Step | Time | Temperature |      |
|------|------|-------------|------|
| 5.7  | 1    | 30 min      | 37°C |
|      | 2    | 5 min       | 65°C |
|      | 3    | Hold        | 4°C  |

- 5.8 Proceed to the next step of the protocol.

- Prepare a rxn master mix by adding required components in the order and volume listed to a new tube

**Optional:** If multiplexing, indexed amplified samples can be pooled prior to performing this repair and A-tailing step (Step 5) if desired. Alternatively, samples can be pooled at the end of the protocol after Step 9 (Annealing, binding, and cleanup – ABC) prior to sequencing.

\* = DNA damage

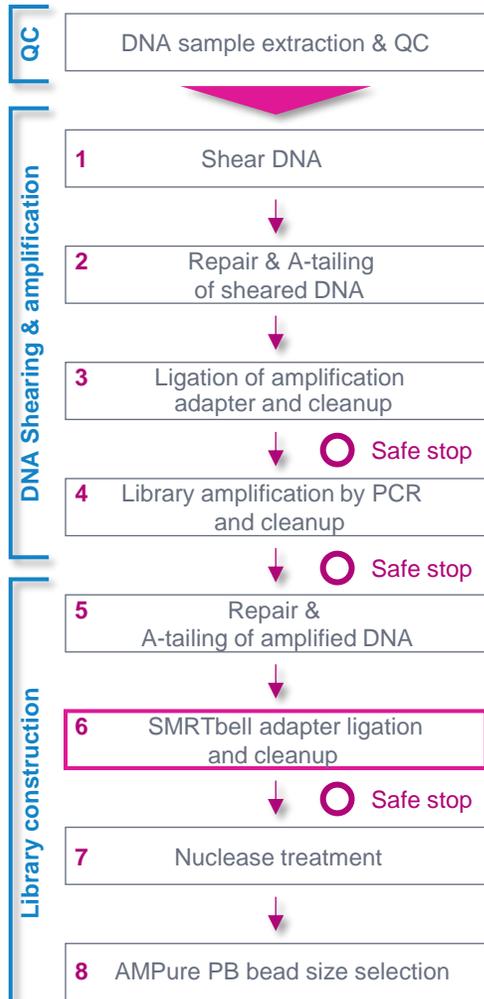


- Add 11 µL of master mix to 49 µL of amplified DNA sample from Step 4 for a total rxn volume of 60 µL

- Run **Repair and A-tailing** thermal cycler program
- Set lid temperature to ≥75°C if programmable

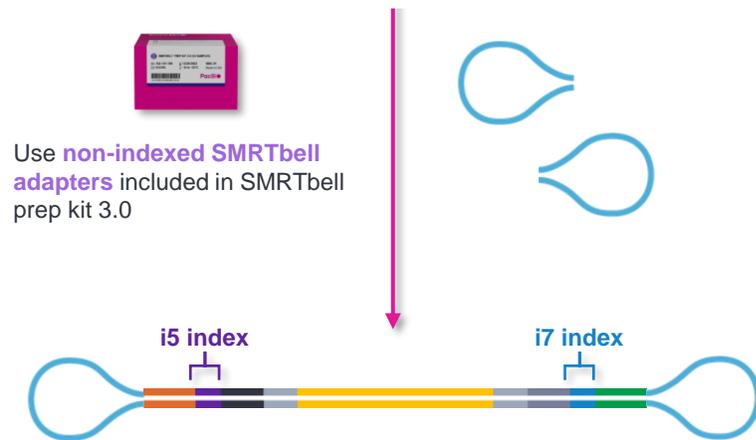
# Adapter ligation & cleanup

Ligate SMRTbell adapter to the ends of each DNA fragment



## Ligation with non-indexed SMRTbell adapters (RECOMMENDED)

→ **RECOMMENDED:** All Ampli-Fi samples are **already indexed** (and asymmetrically barcoded) during PCR amplification step using Twist UDI primers and therefore **do not require** the use of a SMRTbell adapter index for sample multiplexing applications

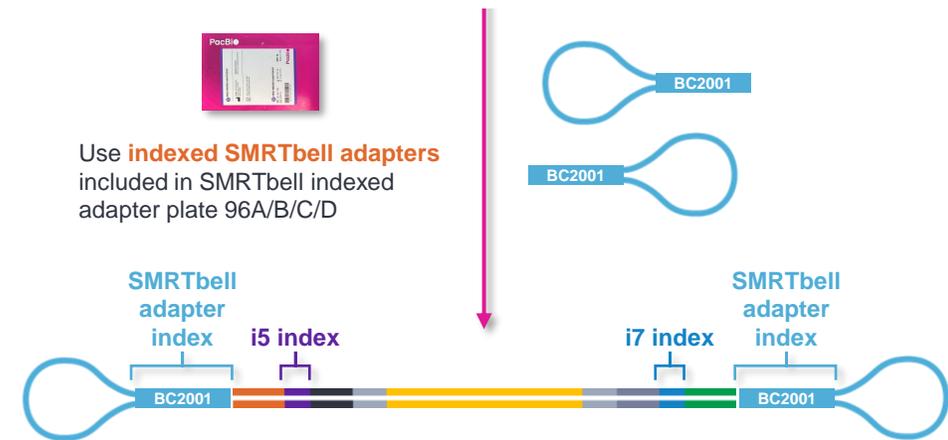


SMRTbell library containing **non-indexed SMRTbell adapters** and Twist unique dual indexes

Or

## Ligation with indexed SMRTbell adapters (OPTIONAL)

→ **OPTIONAL:** If desired, ligation with indexed SMRTbell adapters provides an **additional method of symmetrically barcoding samples**<sup>1</sup> when preparing multiplexed Ampli-Fi libraries

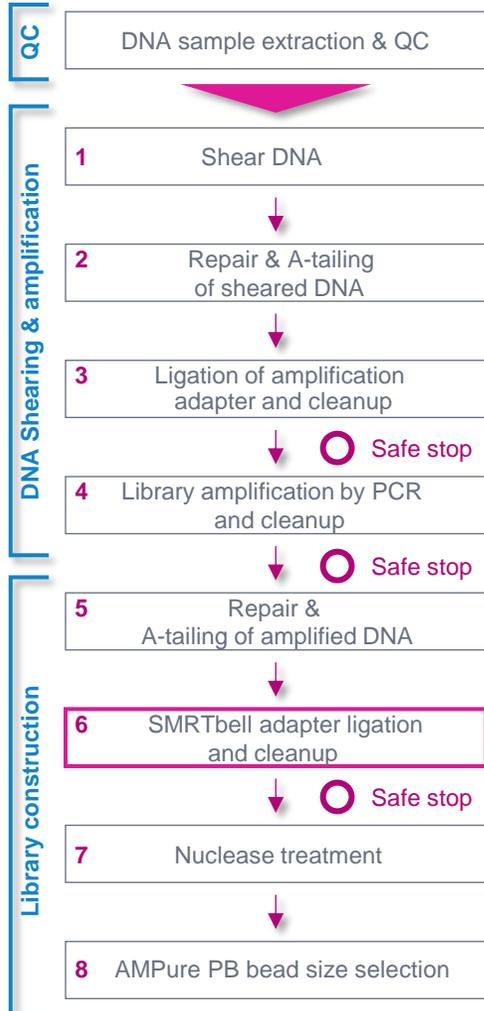


SMRTbell library containing **indexed SMRTbell adapters** and Twist unique dual indexes

<sup>1</sup> If barcoding Ampli-Fi samples using SMRTbell adapter index plate 96A/B/C/D, then **two rounds of barcode demultiplexing are required:** First perform barcode demultiplexing **on-instrument** to demultiplex adapter-barcoded samples; and then proceed to run Demultiplex Barcodes in **SMRT Link** to trim Twist universal adapters and demultiplex Twist UDIs (refer to Ampli-Fi data analysis workflow recommendations described in Section 4 of this presentation).

# Adapter ligation & cleanup

## Procedural notes



### 6. SMRTbell adapter ligation & cleanup

✓ Step Instructions for SMRTbell adapter ligation and reaction cleanup

Proceed to step 6.2 if not using a SMRTbell adapter index from plates 96(A, B, C, or D).

6.1 (Optional, dual indexing) Add 4  $\mu\text{L}$  of the indexed adapter from the SMRTbell adapter index plate 96(A, B, C, or D) to each respective sample from the previous step and exclude the SMRTbell adapter from the Ligation mastermix (next step). One index per SMRTbell adapter index plate well per sample.

6.2

| Ligation mastermix |                     |                                    |                                    |                                     |
|--------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| ✓ Tube             | Component           | Volume                             |                                    |                                     |
|                    |                     | Per library                        | 4 libraries**                      | 8 libraries**                       |
|                    | SMRTbell adapter*   | 4 $\mu\text{L}$                    | 17.6 $\mu\text{L}$                 | 35.2 $\mu\text{L}$                  |
| Yellow             | Ligation mix        | 15 $\mu\text{L}$                   | 66 $\mu\text{L}$                   | 132 $\mu\text{L}$                   |
| Red                | Ligation enhancer   | 1 $\mu\text{L}$                    | 4.4 $\mu\text{L}$                  | 8.8 $\mu\text{L}$                   |
|                    | <b>Total volume</b> | <b>20 <math>\mu\text{L}</math></b> | <b>88 <math>\mu\text{L}</math></b> | <b>176 <math>\mu\text{L}</math></b> |

\* Exclude the SMRTbell adapter if using the SMRTbell adapter index plate 96 (A, B, C, or D)  
 \*\* 10% overage included in mastemix calculation.

6.5

- No barcoding: add 20  $\mu\text{L}$  of the Ligation mastermix containing the SMRTbell adapter to each sample. The total volume per sample should be 80  $\mu\text{L}$ .
- Barcoding: add 16  $\mu\text{L}$  of the Ligation mastermix containing to each sample. The total volume per sample should be 80  $\mu\text{L}$ .

Run the **Adapter ligation** thermocycler program.

6.8

| Step | Time   | Temperature |
|------|--------|-------------|
| 1    | 30 min | 20°C        |
| 2    | Hold   | 4°C         |

6.9 Add 80  $\mu\text{L}$  of resuspended, room-temperature SMRTbell cleanup beads to each sample.

6.10 Pipette-mix the beads until evenly distributed.

- Optional if using **indexed** SMRTbell adapters to barcode samples: Add 4  $\mu\text{L}$  of indexed adapter (from SMRTbell adapter index plate 96A/B/C/D) to each sample (60  $\mu\text{L}$ ) from Step 5 to bring the sample + indexed adapter volume to 64  $\mu\text{L}$

- Skip this step if *not* using an adapter index to barcode your sample

- Prepare a rxn master mix by adding required components in the order and volume listed to a new microcentrifuge tube

- IMPORTANT!** Exclude the SMRTbell adapter from the master mix *if* using an **indexed** adapter to barcode your sample

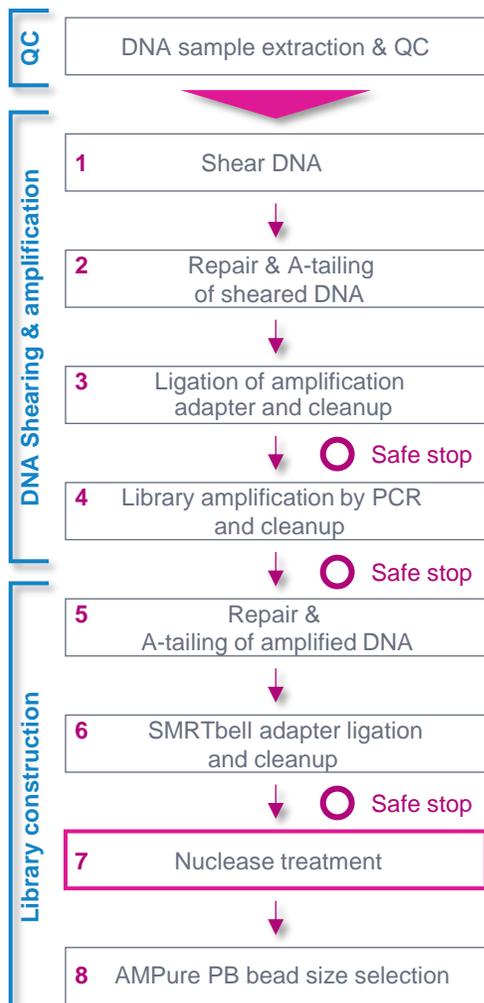
- If using **non-indexed** SMRTbell adapters: Add 20  $\mu\text{L}$  of master mix to each sample (60  $\mu\text{L}$ ) for total rxn vol. = 80  $\mu\text{L}$
- If using **indexed** SMRTbell adapters: Add 16  $\mu\text{L}$  of master mix to each sample + indexed adapter (64  $\mu\text{L}$ ) for total rxn vol. = 80  $\mu\text{L}$

- Run **Adapter ligation** thermal cycler program
- Set the lid temperature to  $\geq 30^\circ\text{C}$  if programmable

- Perform **1X SMRTbell bead cleanup**
- Add **80  $\mu\text{L}$**  of SMRTbell cleanup beads to each (80  $\mu\text{L}$ ) SMRTbell adapter ligation reaction
- Elute cleaned DNA into **40  $\mu\text{L}$**  of EB buffer

# Nuclease treatment

Remove unligated DNA fragments and leftover SMRTbell adapters from the sample



## 7. Nuclease treatment

✓ Step Instructions for nuclease treatment

Add the following components from the SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 to a new microcentrifuge tube. Adjust component volumes for the number of libraries being prepared, plus 10% overage. For individual preps, add components directly to each sample from the previous step and skip steps 7.2 to 7.4.

| Nuclease mastermix |              |                     |              |              |              |
|--------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 7.1                | ✓ Tube       | Component           | Volume       |              |              |
|                    |              |                     | Per library  | 4 libraries* | 8 libraries* |
|                    | Light purple | Nuclease buffer     | 5 µL         | 22 µL        | 44 µL        |
|                    | Light green  | Nuclease mix        | 5 µL         | 22 µL        | 44 µL        |
|                    |              | <b>Total volume</b> | <b>10 µL</b> | <b>44 µL</b> | <b>88 µL</b> |

7.2 Pipette-mix Nuclease mastermix.

7.3 Quick-spin the Nuclease mastermix in a microcentrifuge to collect liquid.

7.4 Add 10 µL of Nuclease mastermix to each sample. Total volume should equal 50 µL.

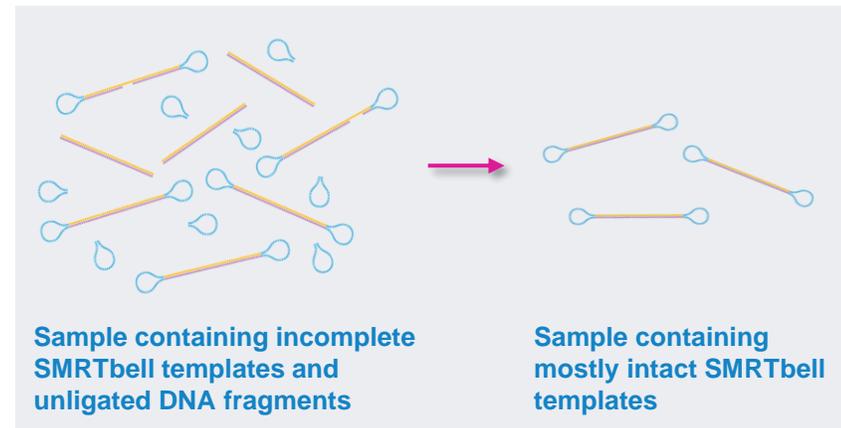
7.5 Pipette-mix each sample.

7.6 Quick-spin the sample(s) in a microcentrifuge to collect liquid.

Run the **Nuclease treatment** thermocycler program with the lid temperature set to >47°C.

| Ste   | Time   | Temperature |
|-------|--------|-------------|
| 7.7 1 | 15 min | 37°C        |
| 2     | Hold   | 4°C         |

7.8 Proceed to the next step of the protocol. It is necessary to cleanup the nuclease reaction using the AMPure PB or SMRTbell cleanup beads prior to safely storing the library or libraries.



- Prepare a rxn master mix by adding required components in the order and volume listed to a new tube

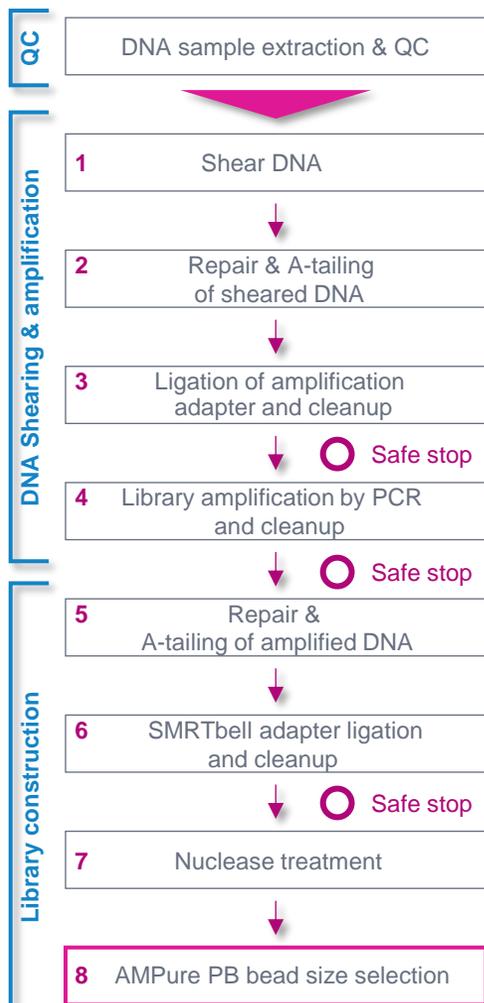
- Add **10 µL** of master mix to **40 µL** of adapter-ligated DNA sample from Step 6 for a total rxn volume of **50 µL**

- Run **Nuclease treatment** thermal cycler program
- Set the lid temperature to **≥47°C** if programmable

- **Note:** It is necessary to remove nucleases using either **AMPure PB size selection** or **SMRTbell cleanup beads (Step 8)** prior to safely storing the library or libraries.

# Diluted AMPure PB cleanup and size selection

AMPure PB bead size cleanup and selection step will clean the library and progressively deplete DNA fragments <5 kb



## 8. Diluted AMPure PB cleanup and size selection

| Step | Instructions for AMPure PB bead size selection   |
|------|--|
| 8.1  | Make a 35% v/v dilution of AMPure PB beads by adding 437.5 $\mu$ L of resuspended AMPure PB beads to 812.5 $\mu$ L of Elution buffer. The 35% dilution can be stored at 4°C for 30 days.<br><br><b>Note:</b> The AMPure PB dilution may be scaled as appropriate for smaller/larger scale projects.  |
| 8.2  | Add 3.1X v/v (155 $\mu$ L) of resuspended, room-temperature 35% AMPure PB beads to each sample from the previous step.   |
| 8.3  | Pipette-mix the beads until evenly distributed.  |
| 8.4  | Incubate at room temperature for 20 minutes to allow DNA to bind beads.  |
| 8.5  | Place sample on an appropriate magnet and allow beads separate fully from the solution.  |
| 8.6  | Slowly remove the cleared supernatant without disturbing the beads.  |
| 8.7  | Slowly dispense 200 $\mu$ L, or enough to cover the beads, of freshly prepared 80% ethanol into each sample. After 30 seconds, remove the 80% ethanol and discard.   |
| 8.15 | Take a 1 $\mu$ L aliquot from each tube and dilute with 9 $\mu$ L of Elution buffer or water. Measure DNA concentration with a Qubit fluorometer using the 1x dsDNA HS kit. Calculate the total mass. The final overall recovery should be 20-40% as measured from post PCR cleanup to completed SMRTbell library. DNA concentration must be less than 20 ng/ $\mu$ L to proceed to ABC.<br><br><b>Recommended:</b> Further dilute each aliquot to 250 pg/ $\mu$ L with Femto Pulse dilution buffer. Measure final SMRTbell library size distribution with a Femto Pulse system. |
| 8.16 | If required, dilute 25 $\mu$ L of library to less than 20 ng/ $\mu$ L if in the 3 – 10kb size range. If DNA size is less than 3 kb, dilute to less than 10 ng/ $\mu$ L. If library concentration is higher than recommended for ABC, sequencing performance will be compromised.   |
|      | Proceed to Section 9 to prepare library for sequencing with Revio +SPRQ or Vega  |
| 8.17 | Or<br>Proceed to SMRT Link Sample Setup for preparing samples for Revio non-SPRQ chemistry or Sequel II/e.   |

• **IMPORTANT!:** If performing gel-based size selection or if DNA library insert size is ~3 – 5 kb:  
→ Skip diluted AMPure PB bead size selection and perform a cleanup using 1X SMRTbell cleanup beads instead<sup>1</sup>

• Prepare a **35% (v/v) dilution of AMPure PB beads** using elution buffer and add **3.1X (155  $\mu$ L)** of diluted beads to sample (**50  $\mu$ L**)<sup>2</sup>  
• 35% AMPure PB solution can be stored at **4°C for 30 days**  
• **Note:** The AMPure PB dilution procedure may be scaled as appropriate for smaller-/larger-scale projects (each sample requires 155  $\mu$ L of 35% AMPure PB beads)

• After eluting in **25  $\mu$ L** of EB, perform **DNA concentration QC** on final Ampli-Fi library using Qubit assay  
• Recommend to perform DNA sizing QC using Femto Pulse

• **Note:** Final Ampli-Fi library concentration must be **<20 ng/ $\mu$ L** for 3-10 kb insert sizes and **<10 ng/ $\mu$ L** for inserts <3 kb to proceed with annealing, binding & cleanup (ABC)  
→ Using a concentration higher than recommended for ABC may negatively impact sequencing performance

• To prepare Ampli-Fi samples for sequencing using Revio SPRQ or Vega chemistry, follow ABC workflow instructions in Step 9 using the recommended loading concentration

<sup>1</sup> If DNA library insert size is <3 kb, then replace all 1X bead cleanup steps in the Ampli-Fi library prep procedure with 1.3X bead cleanups.

<sup>2</sup> **IMPORTANT!:** Ensure accurate ratios are maintained when diluting AMPure PB and when adding the dilution to the library. Failure to do this will result in a loss of sample, or ineffective size-selection.



# Ampli-Fi library sequencing preparation workflow details

# Sample Setup & Run Design recommendations for SPK 3.0 Ampli-Fi libraries – Revio system

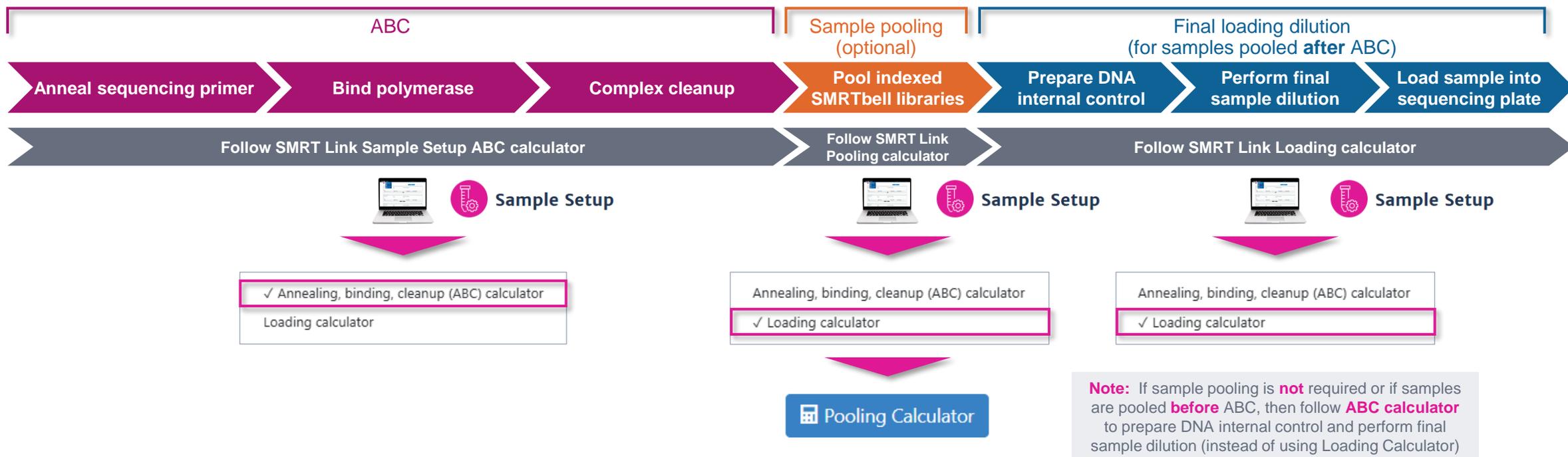
| Workflow     | Key setup parameters          | Revio system recommended settings                                    |
|--------------|-------------------------------|--|
|              |                               | Ampli-Fi samples   |
| Sample setup | Library type                  | Standard   |
|              | Primer                        | Standard sequencing primer   |
|              | Polymerase kit                | Revio (non-SPRQ) polymerase kit / Revio SPRQ polymerase kit          |
|              | Concentration on plate (OPLC) | 120 – 160 pM   |
| Run design   | Library type                  | Standard   |
|              | Movie acquisition time        | 24 hrs (~5 – 20 kb)  |
|              | Use adaptive loading          | YES  |
|              | Data options <sup>1</sup>     | Include base kinetics = NO <sup>1</sup><br>Consensus Mode = MOLECULE |



# Sample setup workflow overview for Revio (non-SPRQ) polymerase libraries

For binding libraries with Revio (non-SPRQ) polymerase kit, follow SMRT Link Sample Setup ABC calculator instructions for annealing/binding/complex cleanup steps

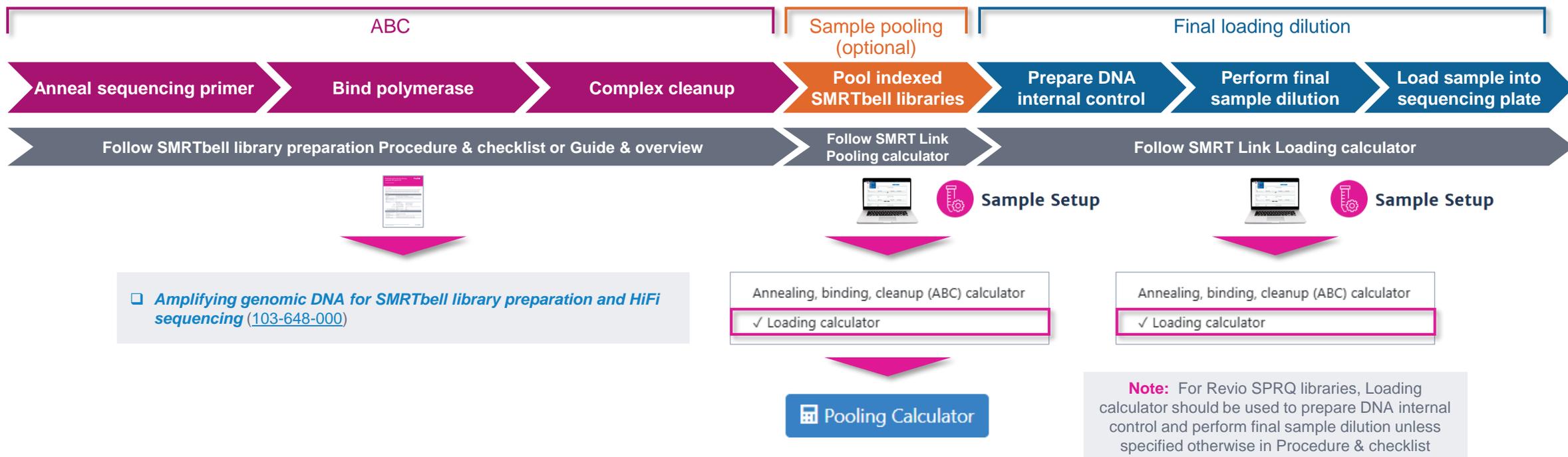
| Library type <sup>1</sup>      | Polymerase kit                                | Sample setup workflow & procedural reference                     |  |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|
| SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 Ampli-Fi | Revio (non-SPRQ) polymerase kit (102-817-600) | Anneal sequencing primer, bind polymerase, complex cleanup (ABC) | <input type="checkbox"/> Follow SMRT Link Sample Setup ABC calculator  |
|                                |   | Sample pooling (optional)  | <input type="checkbox"/> Follow SMRT Link Sample Setup Pooling calculator  |
|                                |   | Final loading dilution procedure                                 | <input type="checkbox"/> Follow SMRT Link Sample Setup Loading calculator (if pooling samples <b>after</b> ABC) <sup>1</sup> |



# Sample setup workflow overview for **Revio SPRQ polymerase libraries**

For binding libraries with Revio SPRQ polymerase kit, follow library prep Procedure & checklist instructions for annealing/binding/cleanup steps

| Library type <sup>1,2</sup>    | Polymerase kit                          | Sample setup workflow & procedural reference                     |   |
|--------------------------------|---|--|---|
| SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 Ampli-Fi | Revio SPRQ polymerase kit (103-520-100) | Anneal sequencing primer, bind polymerase, complex cleanup (ABC) | <input type="checkbox"/> Follow library prep Procedure & checklist        |
|                                |   | Sample pooling (optional)  | <input type="checkbox"/> Follow SMRT Link Sample Setup Pooling calculator |
|                                |   | Final loading dilution procedure                                 | <input type="checkbox"/> Follow SMRT Link Sample Setup Loading calculator |



# Sample Setup & Run Design recommendations for SPK 3.0 Ampli-Fi libraries – Vega system

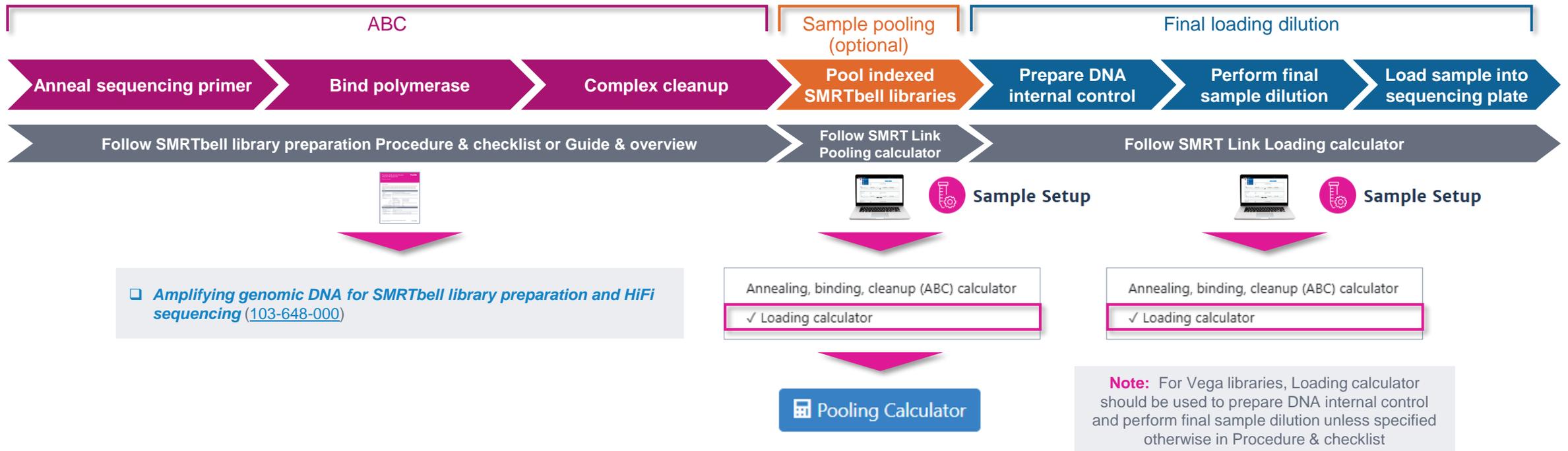
| Workflow     | Key setup parameters          | Vega system recommended settings                                     |
|--------------|-------------------------------|--|
|              |                               | Ampli-Fi samples   |
| Sample setup | Library type                  | Standard   |
|              | Primer                        | Standard sequencing primer   |
|              | Polymerase kit                | Vega polymerase kit  |
|              | Concentration on plate (OPLC) | 100 – 140 pM   |
| Run design   | Library type                  | Standard   |
|              | Movie acquisition time        | 24 hrs (~7 – 10 kb)  |
|              | Use adaptive loading          | YES  |
|              | Data options <sup>1</sup>     | Include base kinetics = NO <sup>1</sup><br>Consensus Mode = MOLECULE |



# Sample setup workflow overview for Vega polymerase libraries

For binding libraries with Vega polymerase kit, follow library prep Procedure & checklist instructions for annealing/binding/cleanup steps

| Library type <sup>1,2</sup>    | Polymerase kit                    | Sample setup workflow & procedural reference                     |   |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| SMRTbell prep kit 3.0 Ampli-Fi | Vega polymerase kit (103-520-100) | Anneal sequencing primer, bind polymerase, complex cleanup (ABC) | <input type="checkbox"/> Follow library prep Procedure & checklist        |
|                                |                                   | Sample pooling (optional)  | <input type="checkbox"/> Follow SMRT Link Sample Setup Pooling calculator |
|                                |                                   | Final loading dilution procedure                                 | <input type="checkbox"/> Follow SMRT Link Sample Setup Loading calculator |



# General best practices recommendations for preparing SPK 3.0 Ampli-Fi libraries for sequencing on Revio and Vega systems

## Polymerase kit thawing procedure<sup>1</sup>

### Revio polymerase kit / Revio SPRQ polymerase kit / Vega polymerase kit



Revio SPRQ polymerase kit  
(103-520-100)



Vega polymerase kit  
(103-517-600)

| Thaw these reagents at room temperature  |                            | Keep these reagents on a cold block or on ice                                       |                       | Bring these reagents to room temperature 30 minutes prior to use                    |                        |
|--|----------------------------|---|-----------------------|---|------------------------|
|   | Annealing buffer           |  | Sequencing polymerase |  | Loading buffer         |
|   | Standard sequencing primer |  | Sequencing control    |  | SMRTbell cleanup beads |
|   | Polymerase buffer          |   |                       |   |                        |
|   | Loading buffer             |   |                       |   |                        |
|  | Dilution buffer            |   |                       |   |                        |

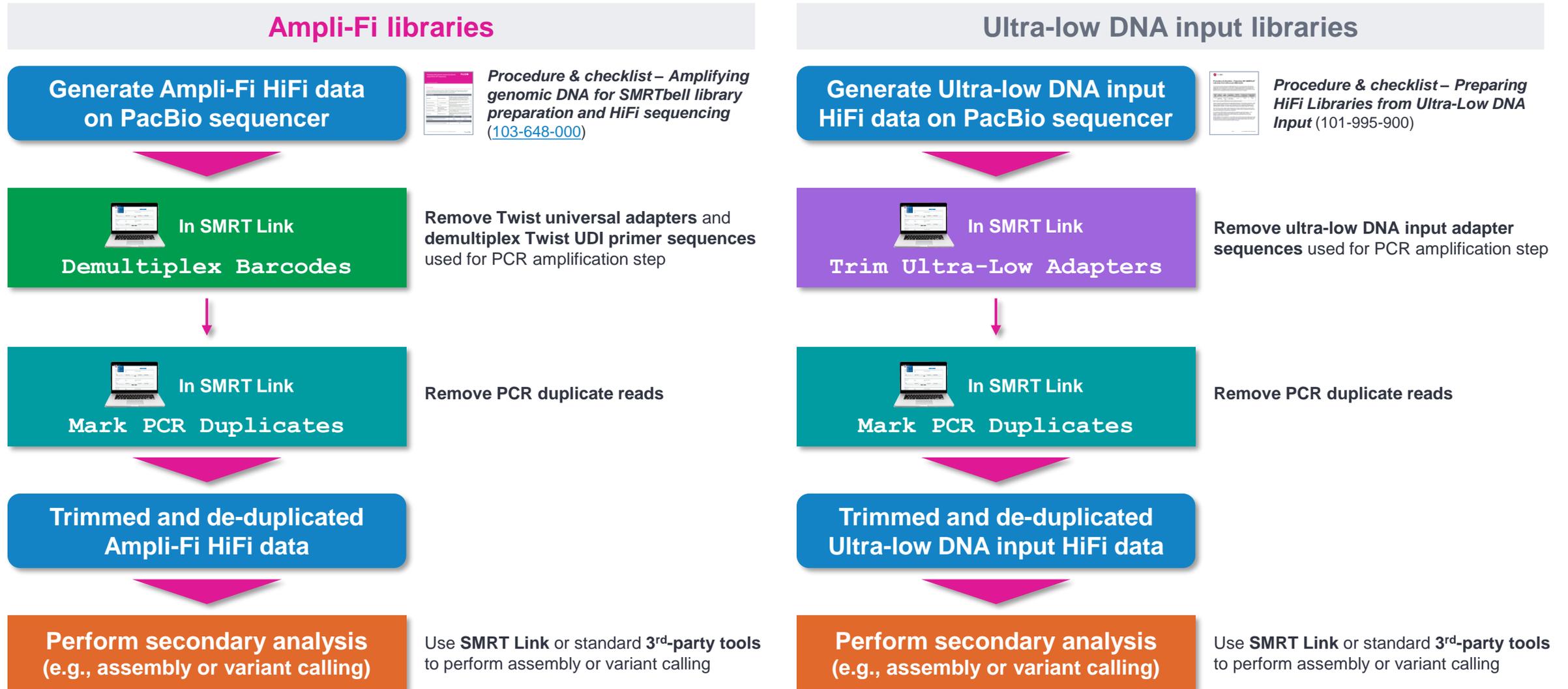
- Once thawed, reaction buffers and sequencing primer may be stored on a cold block, at 4°C, or on-ice prior to making master mix or placing on the liquid handler work deck
- Loading buffer should be left at room-temperature
- **Note:** Loading buffer is light sensitive and should be protected from light when not in use



# Ampli-Fi data analysis recommendations for supported applications & use cases

# Ampli-Fi data analysis workflow recommendations

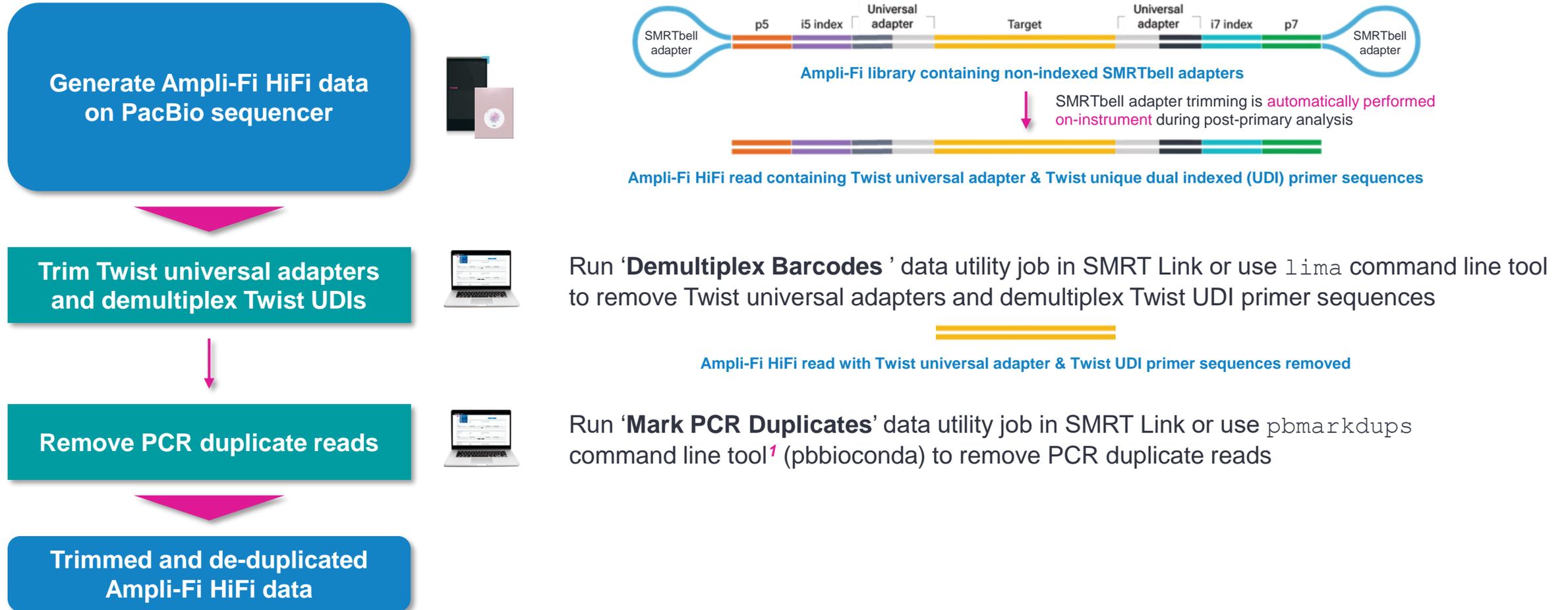
Comparison of SMRT Link data analysis workflows for Ampli-Fi library HiFi data sets *versus* Ultra-low DNA input library HiFi data sets



# Ampli-Fi data preparation workflow

Use SMRT Link data utilities to prepare Ampli-Fi HiFi data for downstream secondary analysis applications by trimming PCR amplification adapters and removing PCR duplicate reads

## Data preparation workflow for Ampli-Fi libraries containing non-indexed SMRTbell adapters

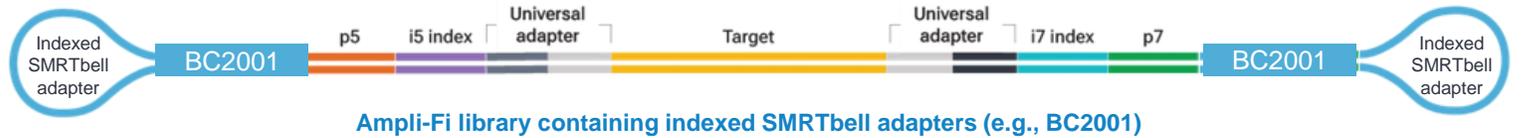


# Ampli-Fi data preparation workflow (cont.)

Use SMRT Link data utilities to prepare Ampli-Fi HiFi data for downstream secondary analysis applications by trimming PCR amplification adapters and removing PCR duplicate reads

## Data preparation workflow for Ampli-Fi libraries containing indexed SMRTbell adapters

Generate Ampli-Fi HiFi data on PacBio sequencer



SMRTbell adapter trimming and adapter barcode demultiplexing are automatically performed on-instrument during post-primary analysis<sup>1</sup>



Ampli-Fi HiFi read containing Twist universal adapter & Twist unique dual indexed (UDI) primer sequences

Trim Twist universal adapters and demultiplex Twist UDIs



Run 'Demultiplex Barcodes' data utility job in SMRT Link or use `lima` command line tool to remove Twist universal adapters and demultiplex Twist UDI primer sequences



Ampli-Fi HiFi read with Twist universal adapter & Twist UDI primer sequences removed

Remove PCR duplicate reads



Run 'Mark PCR Duplicates' data utility job in SMRT Link or use `pbmarkdups` command line tool<sup>2</sup> (`pbbioconda`) to remove PCR duplicate reads

Trimmed and de-duplicated Ampli-Fi HiFi data

<sup>1</sup> Note: To enable automatic adapter barcode demultiplexing on-instrument, specify 'Sample is indexed = YES' in the sequencing run design.

<sup>2</sup> Note: If running SMRT Link v25.1 or earlier, then users may need to run Mark PCR Duplicates using the command line tool in order to be able to provide additional memory resources for the analysis.

# SMRT Link Demultiplex Barcodes data utility for Ampli-Fi data preparation

Use SMRT Link Demultiplex Barcodes data utility to trim Twist universal adapters and Twist UDI primer sequences from an Ampli-Fi HiFi data set

1. Select Data    2. Select Analysis

Adapter removal and barcode demultiplexing are performed in a single demultiplexing job

Analysis Application Required  
Demultiplex Barcodes

Analysis Name  
Ampli-Fi\_Demultiplex\_Barcodes\_Demo

Analysis Datasets

| ID     | Name                |
|--------|---------------------|
| 171529 | Ampli-Fi_Library_01 |

Associated Inputs

Barcode Set Required  
TwistUniversalAdapterswithUDI\_noP7P5

Assign Bio Sample Names to Barcodes Required  
Interactively    From a File

Demultiplexed Output Data Set Name Required  
Ampli-Fi\_Library\_01 (demux)

Same Barcodes on Both Ends of Sequence  
 YES     NO



Schematic of Ampli-Fi library structure containing Twist universal adapter and Twist UDI primer sequences

Amplifi\_TwistUDIadapters\_noP7P5 [ [Link](#) ] barcode set FASTA includes the Twist universal adapter and UDI sequences (and does not include any P5/P7 sequences)<sup>1</sup>

```
UDI<----- Universal adapter ----->
[i5]ACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCCGATCT

UDI<----- Universal adapter ----->
[i7]GTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCCGATC
```

Data Management / Dataset Details

### TwistUniversalAdapterswithUDI\_noP7P5

>Dataset Overview

Barcode Fasta

Barcodes

```
>Plate_A_1_A01_F
CCAATATTCGACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCCGATCT
>Plate_A_1_A01_R
GCTGAAGATAGTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCCGATCT
>Plate_A_2_B01_F
CGCAGACAACACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCCGATCT
>Plate_A_2_B01_R
TATCCGTGCAGTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCCGATCT
```

<sup>1</sup> Note: The Twist Universal Adapters with UDI barcode set preloaded in SMRT Link v25.1 and v25.2 contains sequences corresponding to the P5/P7 adapters, UDIs, and universal adapters. Because the Ampli-Fi library procedure can result in truncated P5/P7 adapter sequences, for optimal barcode demultiplexing performance we recommend using the Amplifi\_TwistUDIadapters\_noP7P5 barcode set FASTA [ [Link](#) ], which contains **only** the UDI and universal adapter sequences (and omits the P5/P7 adapter sequences).

# SMRT Link Demultiplex Barcodes data utility for Ampli-Fi data preparation (cont.)

Follow procedure below to trim Twist universal adapters and Twist UDI primer sequences from an Ampli-Fi HiFi data set using SMRT Link Demultiplex Barcodes data utility

1. Select Data    2. Select Analysis

**Analysis Application** Required

Demultiplex Barcodes

Import Analysis Settings    Export

**Associated Inputs**

**Barcode Set** Required

TwistUniversalAdapterswithUDI\_noP7P5

**Assign Bio Sample Names to Barcodes** Required

Interactively    From a File

**Demultiplexed Output Data Set Name** Required

Ampli-Fi\_Library\_01 (demux)

**Same Barcodes on Both Ends of Sequence**

YES     NO

**Analysis Name**

Ampli-Fi\_Demultiplex\_Barcodes\_Demo

**Analysis Datasets**

| ID    | Name |
|-------|------|
| 71529 |      |

SMRT Link    SMRT Analysis    + Create New Job

- After selecting your data set, specify analysis application**
  - Select **Demultiplex Barcodes**
- Specify barcode set**
  - Click on **Barcode Set** selection button and select recommended barcode set FASTA: [Amplifi\\_TwistUDIadapters\\_noP7P5](#)
  - If using SMRT Link v25.2 or earlier, download recommended barcode set FASTA from [PacBio Multiplexing Resources](#) website:
    - [Amplifi\\_TwistUDIadapters\\_noP7P5](#) [ [Link](#) ]
  - After downloading recommended barcode set FASTA, import the file into SMRT Link using Data Management module
- Specify if using same barcodes on both ends of sequence**
  - Specify **NO**

*Continued on next page...*

# SMRT Link Demultiplex Barcodes data utility for Ampli-Fi data preparation (cont.)

Follow procedure below to trim Twist universal adapters and Twist UDI primer sequences from an Ampli-Fi HiFi data set using SMRT Link Demultiplex Barcodes data utility

1. Select Data | 2. Select Analysis

Analysis Application Required  
Demultiplex Barcodes

Import Analysis Settings | Export

Associated Inputs

Barcode Set Required  
TwistUniversalAdapterswithUDI\_noP7P5

Assign Bio Sample Names to Barcodes Required

Interactively | From a File

Autofilled Barcoded Sample File  
Download File

Barcoded Sample File Required  
Choose file | Browse

Demultiplexed Output Data Set Name Required  
Ampli-Fi\_Library\_01 (demux)

Same Barcodes on Both Ends of Sequence  
 YES  NO

Analysis Name  
Ampli-Fi\_Demultiplex\_Barcodes\_Demo

Analysis Datasets

| ID     | Name                |
|--------|---------------------|
| 171529 | Ampli-Fi_Library_01 |

4

5

Back | Start

## 4. Assign bio sample names to barcodes

- First download the recommended barcoded sample CSV template file from [PacBio Multiplexing Resources](#) website:
  - [Ampli-Fi\\_Barcoded\\_Sample\\_Name\\_File.csv](#) [ [Link](#) ]
- After downloading the CSV template file, fill out the biological sample names<sup>1</sup> for each barcode used in the "Bio Sample Name" column, and **delete** rows of unused barcodes. Then **save** the edited CSV file.

| Barcode                          | Bio Sample Name     |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Plate_A_1_A01_F--Plate_A_1_A01_R | Ampli-Fi_library_01 |
| Plate_A_2_B01_F--Plate_A_2_B01_R | Ampli-Fi_library_02 |
| Plate_A_3_C01_F--Plate_A_3_C01_R | Ampli-Fi_library_03 |
| Plate_A_4_D01_F--Plate_A_4_D01_R | Ampli-Fi_library_04 |

- Click on the 'From a File' button and Click "Browse", find the edited file, then click "**Open**" to upload it. '**Upload was successful**' appears if file is formatted correctly.

Upload was successful

## 5. Click on Start button

- Demultiplex Barcodes utility job will immediately begin

# Example Twist UDI barcode demultiplexing performance for Ampli-Fi libraries<sup>1</sup>

Demultiplexing rates are typically lower for Ampli-Fi libraries containing Twist UDI barcodes compared to non-amplified (symmetrically) barcoded gDNA libraries containing indexed SMRTbell adapters

## Revio system with SPRQ chemistry

| Sample                | Twist UDI | Barcoded HiFi Reads | Barcoded HiFi Yield | Barcode Quality |
|-----------------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| MR_1ng_hg2_65uL_sp59  | PlateA_25 | 90.9%               | 69.96 Gb            | 98.4            |
| MR_5ng_hg2_65uL_sp59  | PlateA_27 | 93.0%               | 73.74 Gb            | 98.5            |
| MR_20ng_hg2_65uL_sp59 | PlateA_29 | 94.3%               | 63.20 Gb            | 98.8            |
| MR_50ng_hg2_65uL_sp59 | PlateA_31 | 92.6%               | 77.69 Gb            | 98.1            |

| Sample               | Twist UDI | Barcoded HiFi Reads | Barcoded HiFi Yield | Barcode Quality |
|----------------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| gTube_1ng_PCR14_S13  | PlateA_77 | 90.5%               | 54.66 Gb            | 98.5            |
| gTube_5ng_PCR12_S14  | PlateA_78 | 93.4%               | 56.77 Gb            | 98.6            |
| gTube_20ng_PCR10_S15 | PlateA_79 | 94.9%               | 51.57 Gb            | 98.7            |
| gTube_50ng_PCR08_S16 | PlateA_80 | 92.6%               | 58.75 Gb            | 98.9            |

## Vega system

| Sample                | Twist UDI | Barcoded HiFi Reads | Barcoded HiFi Yield | Barcode Quality |
|-----------------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| MR_1ng_hg2_65uL_sp59  | PlateA_26 | 90.1%               | 33.70 Gb            | 98.0            |
| MR_5ng_hg2_65uL_sp59  | PlateA_28 | 92.2%               | 36.56 Gb            | 98.4            |
| MR_20ng_hg2_65uL_sp59 | PlateA_30 | 93.8%               | 42.33 Gb            | 98.5            |
| MR_50ng_hg2_65uL_sp59 | PlateA_32 | 93.2%               | 40.41 Gb            | 98.9            |

| Sample               | Twist UDI | Barcoded HiFi Reads | Barcoded HiFi Yield | Barcode Quality |
|----------------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| gTube_1ng_PCR14_S13  | PlateA_77 | 90.7%               | 57.00 Gb            | 98.4            |
| gTube_5ng_PCR12_S14  | PlateA_78 | 92.7%               | 56.39 Gb            | 98.5            |
| gTube_20ng_PCR10_S15 | PlateA_79 | 94.7%               | 60.15 Gb            | 98.6            |
| gTube_50ng_PCR08_S16 | PlateA_80 | 92.1%               | 58.83 Gb            | 98.8            |



Ampli-Fi HiFi read containing Twist universal adapter (UA) & Twist UDI primer sequences

Demultiplex barcodes



In SMRT Link



Ampli-Fi HiFi read with Twist universal adapter & Twist UDI primer sequences removed

**Note:** Ampli-Fi DNA libraries amplified and asymmetrically barcoded with Twist UDI primers typically show lower barcode demultiplexing yields (~90 – 94%) compared to non-amplified symmetrically barcoded gDNA libraries containing indexed SMRTbell adapters due to replication errors and formation of truncated products during PCR amplification of long DNA templates

# SMRT Link Mark PCR Duplicates data utility for Ampli-Fi data preparation

Use SMRT Link Mark PCR Duplicates to remove duplicate reads from an Ampli-Fi HiFi data set

The screenshot shows the PacBio SMRT Link interface for creating a new analysis. The 'Mark PCR Duplicates' analysis application is selected. The 'Advanced Parameters' dialog is open, showing the following settings:

- Identify Duplicates Across Sequencing Libraries:  ON
- Min. CCS Predicted Accuracy (Phred Scale): 20
- Add task memory (MB): 16000
- Compute Settings: -- select --

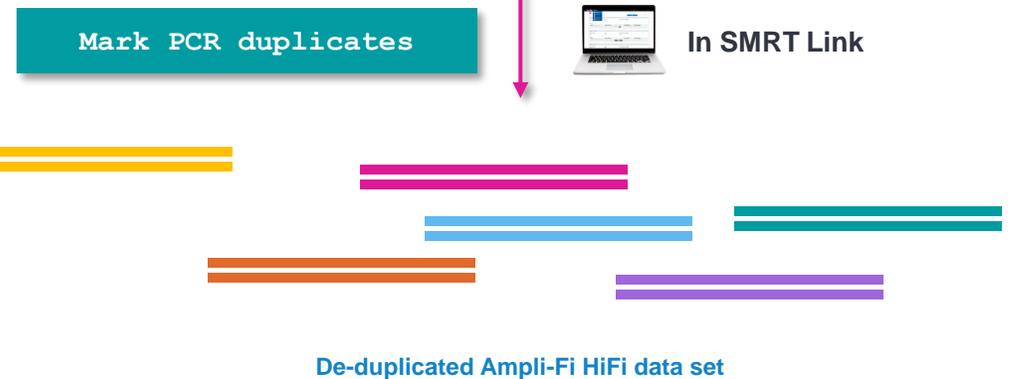
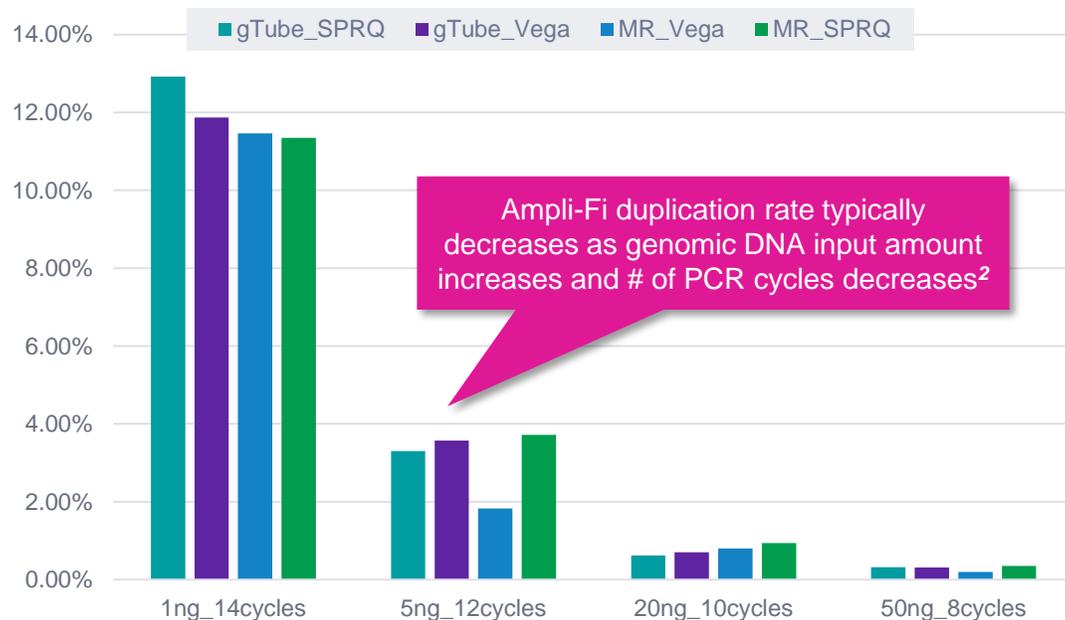
**Note:** Additional memory is required to run deduplication jobs in SMRT Link with Ampli-Fi libraries  
→ Recommended additional task memory is 16,000 MB

# Example PCR duplication rates for Ampli-Fi libraries<sup>1</sup>

Ampli-Fi duplication rate typically decreases as genomic DNA input amount increases and # of PCR cycles decreases

| gDNA input & # PCR cycles | g-TUBE     | g-TUBE | Megaruptor 3 | Megaruptor 3 |
|---------------------------|------------|--------|--------------|--------------|
|                           | Revio SPRQ | Vega   | Vega         | Revio SPRQ   |
| 1ng_14cycles              | 12.92%     | 11.87% | 11.46%       | 11.35%       |
| 5ng_12cycles              | 3.30%      | 3.57%  | 1.83%        | 3.72%        |
| 20ng_10cycles             | 0.62%      | 0.70%  | 0.80%        | 0.94%        |
| 50ng_8cycles              | 0.32%      | 0.31%  | 0.20%        | 0.35%        |

Depending on gDNA input amount and # of PCR cycles used, PCR duplication rate ranges from ~0.3 – 12%



<sup>1</sup> Example PCR duplication rates shown are for Ampli-Fi libraries generated from high-quality human HG002 DNA samples.

<sup>2</sup> To achieve lower duplication rates, we generally recommend using higher gDNA inputs whenever possible. If using Revio SPRQ chemistry, # of PCR amplification cycles may be reduced further.

# Ampli-Fi data analysis recommendations for *de novo* assembly

## Using Ampli-Fi HiFi data for *de novo* assembly analysis of genomes

- **≥15-fold HiFi read coverage per haplotype** is recommended for most *de novo* assembly projects

→  $Target\ HiFi\ Base\ Yield = [Haploid\ Genome\ Size\ (Gb)] \times [Ploidy\ Level] \times [Target\ HiFi\ Coverage\ per\ Haplotype]$

E.g., for *de novo* assembly analysis of a 3 Gb diploid genome:

Recommended minimum target HiFi base yield = 3 Gb x 2 x 15 = 90 Gb

- Can use third-party software (e.g., [Hifiasm](#)) for *de novo* assembly analysis using HiFi reads:<sup>1</sup>

**Note:** Ampli-Fi samples require higher coverage levels compared to standard non-amplified genomic libraries for assembly and variant calling applications

# Ampli-Fi data analysis recommendations for variant detection

## Using Ampli-Fi HiFi data for variant detection analysis of genomes

- For detection of **structural variants**, we recommend **≥10-fold HiFi read coverage per sample**

$$\rightarrow \text{Target HiFi Base Yield} = [\text{Sample Haploid Genome Size (Gb)}] \times [\text{Target Coverage per Sample}]$$

E.g., For structural variant detection analysis of a large genome (3 Gb):

Recommended minimum target HiFi base yield = 3 Gb x 10 = 30 Gb

- For detection of **all variant classes**, we recommend **≥20-fold HiFi read coverage per sample**

$$\rightarrow \text{Target HiFi Base Yield} = [\text{Sample Haploid Genome Size (Gb)}] \times [\text{Target Coverage per Sample}]$$

E.g., For detection of all variant classes in a large genome (3 Gb):

Recommended minimum target HiFi base yield = 3 Gb x 20 = 60 Gb

- Recommend using [sawfish](#) GitHub tool (available through command line interface) for structural variant calling applications.
- Also compatible with [SMRT Link Variant Calling](#) analysis application (powered by Google [DeepVariant](#) & PacBio [pbsv](#)) for detection of small variants (SNVs, InDels)<sup>1</sup>

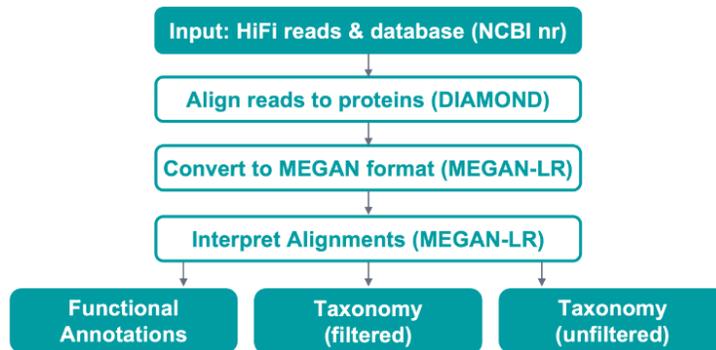
**Note:** Ampli-Fi samples require higher coverage levels compared to standard non-amplified genomic libraries for assembly and variant calling applications

# Ampli-Fi data analysis recommendations for shotgun metagenomics

Ampli-Fi HiFi data are compatible with 3<sup>rd</sup>-party metagenomics analysis tools for taxonomic & functional profiling

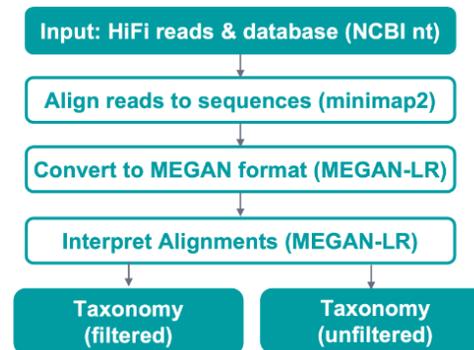
- Use SMRT Link to output HiFi data in standard file formats (BAM and FASTA/Q) for seamless integration with downstream analysis tools
- Recommend using [PacBio metagenomics tools](#) available on GitHub for taxonomic classification and functional gene profiling using HiFi reads<sup>1</sup>

## Taxonomic-Profiling-Diamond-Megan



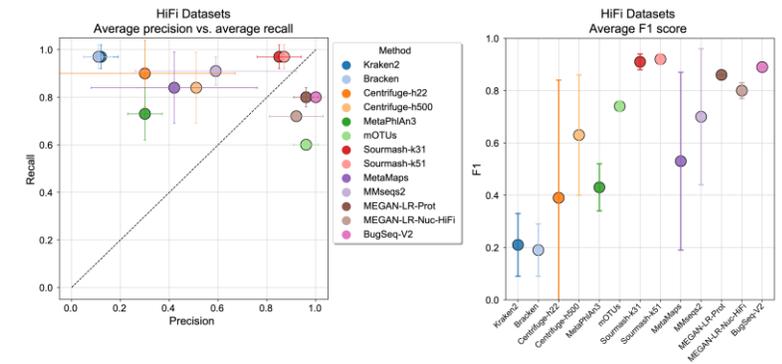
- Perform translation alignment of HiFi reads to a protein database using DIAMOND and summarize with MEGAN-LR, for the purpose of taxonomic and functional profiling.
- Provides access to NCBI and GTDB taxonomic annotations

## Taxonomic-Profiling-Minimap-Megan



- Align HiFi reads to a nucleotide database using minimap2 and summarize with MEGAN-LR, for the purpose of taxonomic profiling
- Provides access to NCBI and GTDB taxonomic annotations

## Taxonomic-Profiling-Sourmash

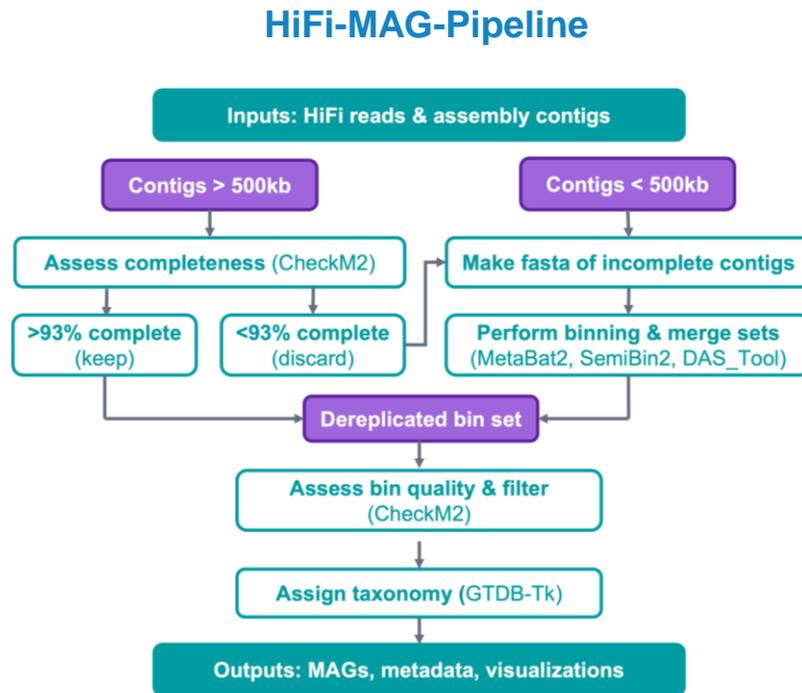


- obtain taxonomic profiles using `sourmash gather --> taxonomy` approach.
- Provides access to NCBI and GTDB taxonomic annotations, or you can build your own database.

# Ampli-Fi data analysis recommendations for shotgun metagenomics

## Use HiFi-MAG-Pipeline to obtain high-quality metagenome-assembled genomes (MAGs)

- Can perform **metagenomic shotgun assembly** directly with HiFi reads using third-party tools (e.g., [hifiasm-meta](#), [metaFlye](#) or [HiCanu](#)) and evaluate & extract **metagenome-assembled genomes** using PacBio [HiFi-MAG-Pipeline](#) tool available on GitHub (see Portik *et al.*<sup>1</sup>)



- Streamlined [HiFi-MAG-Pipeline](#) workflow includes a custom "completeness-aware" strategy to identify and protect long & complete contigs
- **Binning** is performed with MetaBAT2 and SemiBin2; bin merging occurs with DAS\_Tool, QC with CheckM2; and **taxonomic assignments** with GTDB-Tk
- Outputs include **high-quality MAG sequences**, summary figures, and associated metadata

- Contact PacBio Technical Support ([support@pacb.com](mailto:support@pacb.com)) or your local Field Applications Bioinformatics Support Scientist for additional information about data analysis recommendations

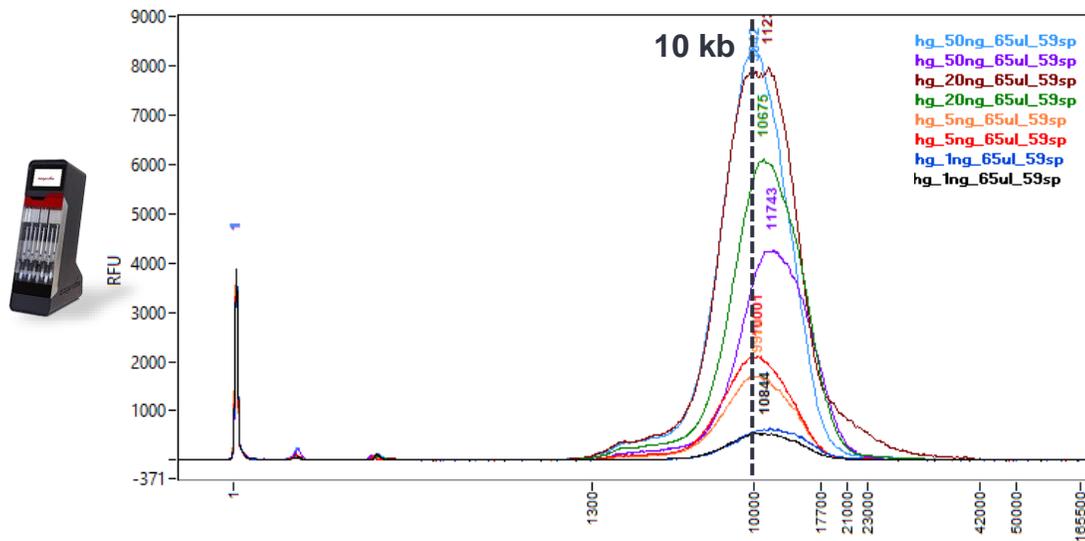


# Ampli-Fi library example sequencing performance data

# Example Ampli-Fi library prep QC results for human gDNA samples<sup>1</sup>

## Example DNA shearing and SMRTbell library construction yield results

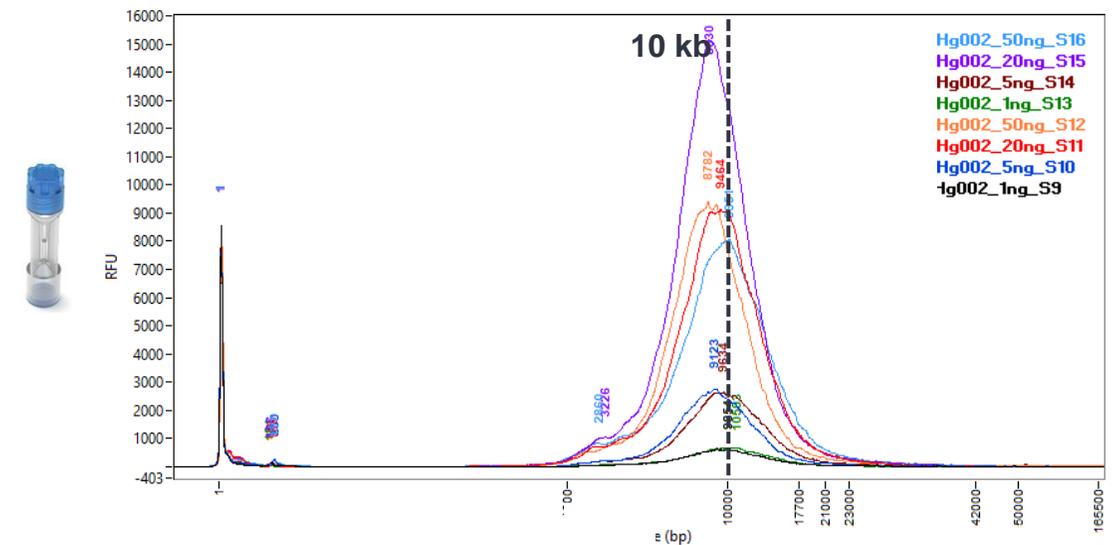
### Megaruptor 3 system shearing



| gDNA input (ng) | PCR cycles | Twist UDI barcode set | PCR yield (ng) | SMRTbell library yield | Post-ABC yield |
|-----------------|------------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------|
| 1 ng            | 14 cycles  | PlateA_bc26           | 1290           | 516 ng (40%)           | 410 ng (32%)   |
| 5 ng            | 12 cycles  | PlateA_bc27           | 2020           | 828 ng (41%)           | 705 ng (35%)   |
| 20 ng           | 10 cycles  | PlateA_bc29           | 1780           | 854 ng (48%)           | 585 ng (33%)   |
| 50 ng           | 8 cycles   | PlateA_bc31           | 1660           | 747 ng (45%)           | 615 ng (37%)   |

Example Femto Pulse DNA sizing QC analysis results and Ampli-Fi library construction yield results for human genomic DNA samples sheared to ~10 kb target fragment mode size using a Megaruptor 3 system.

### g-TUBE shearing



| gDNA input (ng) | PCR cycles | Twist UDI barcode set | PCR yield (ng) | SMRTbell library yield | Post-ABC yield |
|-----------------|------------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------|
| 1 ng            | 14 cycles  | PlateA_bc77           | 1195           | 454 ng (38%)           | 404 ng (34%)   |
| 5 ng            | 12 cycles  | PlateA_bc78           | 1510           | 604 ng (40%)           | 534 ng (35%)   |
| 20 ng           | 10 cycles  | PlateA_bc79           | 2210           | 840 ng (38%)           | 744 ng (34%)   |
| 50 ng           | 8 cycles   | PlateA_bc80           | 1340           | 456 ng (34%)           | 393 ng (29%)   |

Example Femto Pulse DNA sizing QC analysis results and Ampli-Fi library construction yield results for human genomic DNA samples sheared to ~10 kb target fragment mode size using a g-TUBE device.

# Example Ampli-Fi sequencing results for human gDNA samples<sup>1</sup>

## Example HiFi sequencing metrics

### Revio system with SPRQ chemistry



| Sample  | HiFi yield (Gb) | Pol RL (bp) | HiFi reads | HiFi RL (bp) | Mean QV | BQ≥Q30 (%) | P1 (%) |
|---------|-----------------|-------------|------------|--------------|---------|------------|--------|
| MR_1ng  | 78.2            | 89,102      | 11.7 M     | 6,665        | Q44     | 98         | 72     |
| MR_5ng  | 80.4            | 85,987      | 12.3 M     | 6,521        | Q43     | 97         | 75     |
| MR_20ng | 67.8            | 97,663      | 9.4 M      | 7,183        | Q44     | 98         | 56     |
| MR_50ng | 84.5            | 94,644      | 11.1 M     | 7,604        | Q43     | 97         | 67     |

Example HiFi sequencing results for Ampli-Fi libraries prepared using human gDNA sheared with a Megaruptor 3 system and run on a Revio system with SPRQ chemistry (120 pM OPLC).



| Sample   | HiFi yield (Gb) | Pol RL (bp) | HiFi reads | HiFi RL (bp) | Mean QV | BQ≥Q30 (%) | P1 (%) |
|----------|-----------------|-------------|------------|--------------|---------|------------|--------|
| g-T_1ng  | 61.5            | 98,396      | 9.8 M      | 6,267        | Q46     | 98         | 58     |
| g-T_5ng  | 61.9            | 99,643      | 9.7 M      | 6,354        | Q46     | 98         | 56     |
| g-T_20ng | 55.4            | 107,197     | 9.1 M      | 6,079        | Q47     | 98         | 52     |
| g-T_50ng | 64.5            | 105,438     | 9.4 M      | 6,849        | Q45     | 98         | 54     |

Example HiFi sequencing results for Ampli-Fi libraries prepared using human gDNA sheared with g-TUBEs and run on a Revio system with SPRQ chemistry (120 pM OPLC).

### Vega system



| Sample  | HiFi yield (Gb) | Pol RL (bp) | HiFi reads | HiFi RL (bp) | Mean QV | BQ≥Q30 (%) | Loading level (%) |
|---------|-----------------|-------------|------------|--------------|---------|------------|-------------------|
| MR_1ng  | 64.9            | 95,508      | 9.6 M      | 6,777        | Q42     | 97         | 59                |
| MR_5ng  | 64.9            | 104,358     | 9.3 M      | 6,946        | Q43     | 97         | 57                |
| MR_20ng | 59.2            | 113,624     | 8.6 M      | 6,852        | Q44     | 98         | 43                |
| MR_50ng | 64.9            | 107,824     | 9.6 M      | 6,729        | Q43     | 98         | 52                |

Example HiFi sequencing results for Ampli-Fi libraries prepared using human gDNA sheared with a Megaruptor 3 system and run on a Vega system (120 pM OPLC).



| Sample   | HiFi yield (Gb) | Pol RL (bp) | HiFi reads | HiFi RL (bp) | Mean QV | BQ≥Q30 (%) | Loading level (%) |
|----------|-----------------|-------------|------------|--------------|---------|------------|-------------------|
| g-T_1ng  | 63.9            | 99,318      | 9.0 M      | 7,070        | Q42     | 97         | 50                |
| g-T_5ng  | 62.0            | 79,705      | 10.3 M     | 6,002        | Q42     | 97         | 62                |
| g-T_20ng | 64.7            | 100,310     | 10.2 M     | 6,332        | Q43     | 97         | 55                |
| g-T_50ng | 64.7            | 99,617      | 9.0 M      | 7,190        | Q41     | 97         | 58                |

Example HiFi sequencing results for Ampli-Fi libraries prepared using human gDNA sheared with g-TUBEs and run on a Vega system (120 pM OPLC).

**HiFi data yield is dependent on input DNA quality** → The more degraded the DNA, the lower the HiFi read length and base yield  
 Example yields shown in tables are based on high-quality human DNA samples prepared following best practices  
 → Other sample types comprised of lower-quality DNA may show lower Ampli-Fi HiFi data yields



# Technical documentation & applications support resources

# Technical resources for Ampli-Fi library prep, sequencing & data analysis

## DNA sample extraction literature & other resources

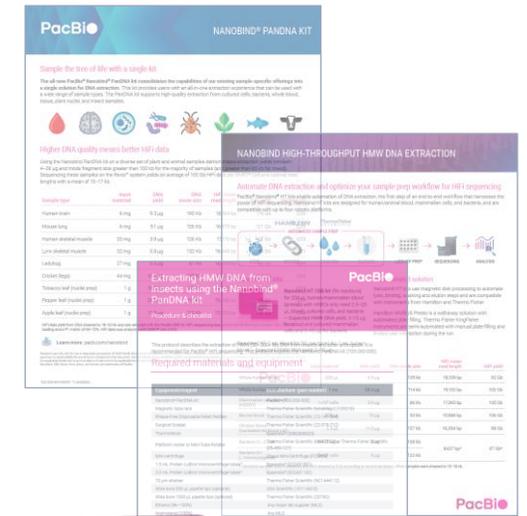
- Nanobind HMW DNA extraction Procedures & checklists [ [Link](#) ]
- Nanobind kit Guides & overviews [ [Link](#) ]
- Overview – Nanobind PanDNA HMW DNA extraction protocols ([103-510-000](#))

## SMRTbell library preparation literature & other resources

- Application brief – Comprehensive human genomic variant detection with HiFi long-read sequencing ([102-326-626](#))
- Application brief – Metagenomic sequencing with HiFi reads ([102-193-684](#))
- Application brief – Taxonomic and functional profiling with HiFi metagenomics ([102-326-574](#))
- Brochure – Metagenomics solutions guide ([102-326-512](#))
- Procedure & checklist – Amplifying genomic DNA for SMRTbell library preparation and HiFi sequencing ([103-648-000](#))
- Technical note – Gel cassette size selection methods for HiFi libraries ([102-326-503](#))
- Technical overview – Amplifying genomic DNA for SMRTbell library preparation and HiFi sequencing ([106-645-000](#))

## Publications

- McGinty, S.P. (2025) CiFi: Accurate long-read chromatin conformation capture with low-input requirements. bioRxiv. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/2025.01.31.635566>
- Bein, B. et al. (2024) Long-read sequencing and genome assembly of natural history collection samples and challenging specimens. bioRxiv. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/2024.03.04.583385>
- Männer L. et al. (2024) Chromosome-level genome assembly of the sacoglossan sea slug Elysia timida (Risso, 1818). bioRxiv. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/2024.06.04.597355>



# Technical resources for Ampli-Fi library prep, sequencing & data analysis

## Data analysis resources

- To demultiplex HiFi data sets generated for Ampli-Fi samples asymmetrically indexed with Twist Bioscience UDI PCR primers, download the files below from our [Multiplexing Resources](#) website and use them to set up a **Demultiplex Barcodes** utility job in SMRT Link:

### 1. [Amplifi\\_TwistUDIadapters\\_noP7P5.fasta](#) barcode set file [ [Link](#) ]

- Contains the following Twist (10-base pair) index sequences:
  - 16 UDI set, Twist 101307
  - 96 UDI set, Plate A, Twist 101308
  - 96 UDI set, Plate B, Twist 101309
  - 96 UDI set, Plate C, Twist 101310
  - 96 UDI set, Plate D, Twist 101311
- Import this barcode set file into SMRT Link using the Data Management 'Import' feature and select it when specifying the barcode set to use for the Demultiplex Barcodes utility job in SMRT Link

### 2. [Ampli-Fi\\_Barcode\\_Sample\\_Name\\_File.csv](#) bio sample name template file [ [Link](#) ]

- Use this CSV template to assign bio sample names to pooled Ampli-Fi library samples indexed with Twist UDI PCR primers by editing and then saving the CSV file to your local computer
- After saving the CSV file, upload it into SMRT Link using the 'From a File' button to complete setting up the Demultiplex Barcodes utility job
- SMRT Link Cloud v25.2 user guide ([103-654-800](#))
- SMRT Link v25.2 user guide ([103-651-300](#))
- SMRT Link web services API use cases ([103-653-100](#))
- SMRT Tools reference guide ([103-653-200](#))

```
>Plate_A_1_A01_F
CCAATATTCGACACTCTTCCCTACAGCAGCTCTCCGATCT
>Plate_A_1_A01_R
GCTGAAGATAGTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGCTCTCCGATCT
>Plate_A_2_B01_F
CGCAGACAACACACTCTTCCCTACAGCAGCTCTCCGATCT
>Plate_A_2_B01_R
TATCCGTGCAGTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGCTCTCCGATCT
```

| Barcode                          | Bio Sample Name     |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Plate_A_1_A01_F--Plate_A_1_A01_R | Ampli-Fi_library_01 |
| Plate_A_2_B01_F--Plate_A_2_B01_R | Ampli-Fi_library_02 |
| Plate_A_3_C01_F--Plate_A_3_C01_R | Ampli-Fi_library_03 |
| Plate_A_4_D01_F--Plate_A_4_D01_R | Ampli-Fi_library_04 |

1. Select Data | 2. Select Analysis

Analysis Application Required  
Demultiplex Barcodes

Import Analysis Settings | Export

Associated Inputs

Barcode Set Required  
TwistUniversalAdapterswithUDI\_noP7P5

Assign Bio Sample Names to Barcodes Required  
Interactively | From a File



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